

Unemployment Insurance ADVISORY COMMITTEE



UI Policy Discussion



Unemployment Insurance Advisory Committee Presentation
May 12, 2021

Dan Zeitlin, Employment System Policy Director
Employment Security Department

Agenda



- UI Legislative Wrap-up, Rulemaking and Program Update
- Ul Trust Fund Update

State Legislation



Bills Signed by Governor

- SB 5061 Governor's unemployment insurance bill
- SB 5425 Increasing access to extended benefits
- HB 1455 Removing social security numbers from Department correspondence
- HB 1493 Increasing flexibility in job search requirements

SB 5061: Voluntary Contribution Program



Results from 2021

- 101 applications received (usually less than 10 applications per year)
- \$494,622.41 in contributions for the trust fund
- 12 applications denied:
 - 8 applications did not include any payment
 - 3 applications were postmarked after March 30
 - 1 application had a payment amount that did not match the amount of requested relief
- Top industries that applied:
 - NAICS 541 Professional, Scientific and Technical Services (12 applications)
 - NAICS 238 Specialty Trade Contractors (10 applications)
 - NACIS 722 Food Services and Drinking Places (10 applications)
 - NAICS 236 Construction of Buildings (8 applications)

SB 5061: Report to Leg and Gov



Due December 1, 2021

- Status of the Unemployment Trust Fund
- Impact of minimum weekly benefit amount increase
- Amount of wages subject to tax

UIAC Engagement

- Must be discussed at minimum of 2 meetings.
- Must include committee members response.

State Legislation



Bills To Be Signed

- HB 1320 Changing definitions of domestic violence in July 2022
- SB 5190 Unemployment benefits for health care workers
- SB 5193 General improvements to the unemployment program
- SB 5478 \$500 million in benefit charge relief for employers

Recent Rulemaking



Waiting Week

- Adopted emergency rule stating that waiting week will be continuously waived, including the time between when the Emergency Proclamation expired in January and ESSB 5061 passed in February, as it is reimbursed by the federal government.
- Under ESSB 5061, this also means employers will not be charged for the first week of benefits paid.
- While not a rule, adopting agency policy waiving shared work benefit charging as authorized in ESSB 5061 for the same time period during which an Emergency Proclamation lapsed.

Future Rulemaking



Upcoming Rulemaking

- Unemployment for health care workers (SB 5190)
- Reporting SOC Codes on quarterly reports (HB 2308)
- Job search requirements (HB 1493)
- Expedited rules on job refusals and extended benefits (SB 5425)

Other Rulemaking Activities

Rules officially proposed on "Hours of Availability" (Hearing June 22, 2021)

Potential New Claim Implementation

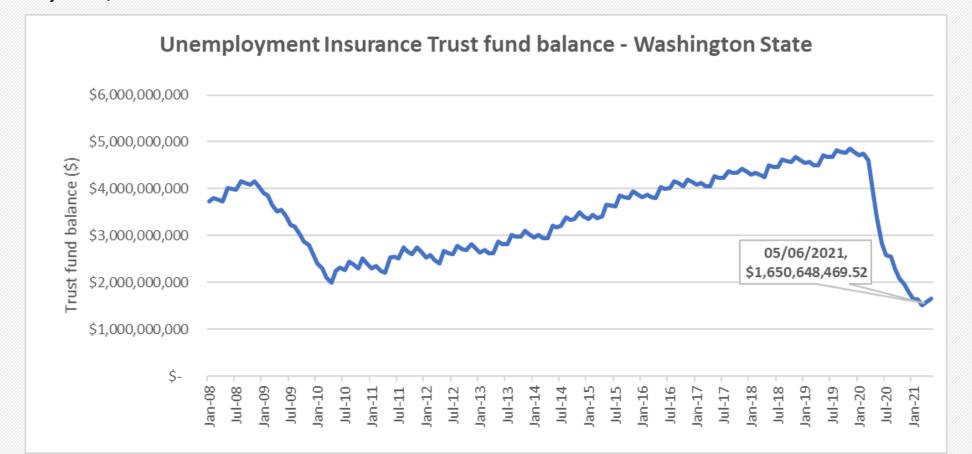


- Federal law requires claimants to undergo regular checks for eligibility for a new UI claim (e.g. quarterly review of new wages).
- ESD's last quarterly check created significant customer service issues. As a result, we paused the checks until those problems could be resolved.
- We will be reinstating those checks in the near future, with communications to all affected claimants and stakeholders about what to expect and next steps.

Unemployment Insurance Trust fund



On May 6th, the UI trust fund balance was \$1.650 billion



Months of Benefits Calculation (4/8/21)



Trust Fund Balance: \$1.65 billion

Total Wages: \$196 billion

Reserve Ratio (RR): $\left(\frac{\$1.65 \text{ billion}}{\$196 \text{ billion}}\right) *100 = 0.84$

Average High-Cost Rate (AHCR): 2.44

Months of Benefits: $\left(\frac{0.84}{2.44}\right)*12 = 4.1$ Months of Benefits

Reemployment Strategies Discussion



Unemployment Insurance Advisory Committee Presentation May 12, 2021

Gary Kamimura, Manager, Workforce Policy Jairus Rice, Director of Employment Connections Employment Security Department

Agenda



- Workforce System Overview
- Re-employment Strategies Discussion

Wagner-Peyser "Portal" for UI Claimants



- The state is federally required to provide free Wagner-Peyser Employment Services to UI claimants.
- The Wagner-Peyser Act, as amended by WIOA, states that the Secretary of Labor shall:

"... ensure, for individuals otherwise eligible to receive unemployment compensation, the provision of reemployment services and other activities in which the individuals are required to participate to receive the compensation."

"... from time to time certify to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment to each State which is found to have coordinated the public employment services with the provision of unemployment insurance claimant service..."

Source: Wagner-Peyser Act of 1933, Sections 3(c)(3) and 5(b)(2)

Ul Claimants and Wagner-Peyser Services



■ In turn, States are required to use their Wagner-Peyser grants on services like:

"... job search and placement services to job seekers, including unemployment insurance claimants, including counseling, testing, occupational and labor market information, assessment, and referral to employers ..."

"... the work test for the State unemployment compensation system, including making *eligibility* assessments, and providing job finding and placement services for unemployment insurance claimants ..."

"... providing unemployment insurance claimants with referrals to, and application assistance for, training and education resources and programs ..."

Source: Wagner-Peyser Act of 1933, as amended, Sections 7(a)(1), 7(a)(3)(F), and 7(a)(3)(G)

Clarified Through Federal USDOL guidance



- Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) 04-15 (WIOA One-Stop System Vision):
 - Identifies UI as a <u>required</u> WIOA one-stop partner program (key part of WorkSource system).
- TEGL 16-16 (One-Stop Operations Guidance for the American Job Center Network):
 - Requires one-stop (WorkSource) outreach and intake of UI claimants likely to exhaust benefits through WPRS or RESEA (Worker Profiling and Re-employment) and delivery of meaningful assistance to individuals seeking to file UI claims.
- TEGL 19-16 (WIOA Title I-B and Title III Services for Adults and Dislocated Workers):
 - Requires Title III Wagner-Peyser Employment Services staff to serve UI claimants.
- UIPL 14-18 (UI and Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act of 2014):
 - Identifies UI as a required one-stop program, the types of UI services that must be available in one-stops (e.g., meaningful assistance), and the obligations of UI related to local workforce development boards, integrated service delivery, memoranda of understanding, and one-stop infrastructure cost sharing.
 - Addresses role of Worker Profiling and Reemployment Services (WPRS) and Reemployment Services and Eligibility
 Assessment (RESEA) in Washington we use RESEA instead of WPRS.

Access to WIOA Through WorkSource



- UI claimants enter the WIOA one-stop system (WorkSource) through the Title III Wagner Peyser program for reemployment services.
- They can then access other one-stop system partner program services if their assessed barriers to reemployment warrant referrals and they are eligible.
- What are those other core and required partner programs?
 - <u>Core</u>: Title I (Adult, Dislocated Worker and Youth, YouthBuild, Jobs Corps, Native American Program, National Farmworker Jobs Program); Title II (Adult Education and Literacy); Title IV (Vocational Rehabilitation)
 - <u>Required</u>: Trade Adjustment Assistance, Jobs for Veterans State Grant, Senior Community Services Employment Program, Perkins Career and Technical Education, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, Community Service Block Grant, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program E&T Program, Housing and Urban Development E&T Program.

Source: TEGLs 34-15 and 16-16

RESEA: UI Portal to the WorkSource System



- Reemployment Services and Eligibility Assessment or RESEA is an optional federal UI grant for which states must annually apply.
- RESEA is designed to lower the duration of unemployment and improper UI payments by getting claimants reemployed through "case-managed" assessments, plans, and referral to services.
- In Washington, it is administered and operated by ESD with service delivery in local WorkSource offices.
- Washington RESEA grants have been about \$11M-12M/year; DOL moving to formula allotment.
- Claimants with a work search requirement are assigned a profile score, prioritized for service based on the score, mandated to schedule at least one initial and one follow-up appointment and then as many follow-up appointments as needed.
- Metrics: reemployment rate, UI claim duration, and improper UI payment rate + evaluation

A Claimant's Journey in Washington



File a UI claim and become approved for benefits

Get referred to the RESEA program and services

Access to other WIOA programs and services

Virtual Support has been Ongoing



- WorkSource Specialists have remained available and are serving customer virtually by phone, web chat and WEBEX.
- Virtual Workshops and Trainings
 - Almost 11,000 job seeker customers attended over 1800 virtual job search workshops between April 2020 and March 2021. Virtual Workshops included:
 - Perfecting Applications
 - Job Search Strategies
 - Skills and Abilities
 - Resumes and Cover letters

- Work Concepts
- Health and Well-being
- Communication
- Interviewing Techniques



- Personal Strength-Builders: Community Engagement
- Financial Capabilities

- Workshops have been offered in English and Spanish
- Scheduling tool deploying in July 2021

Virtual Job Fairs

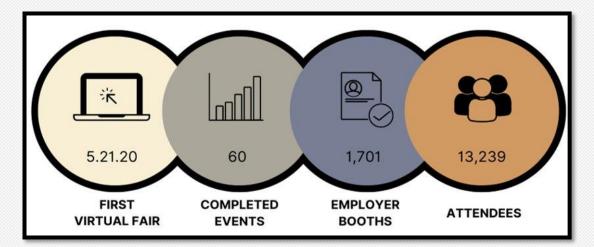


■ The WorkSource partnership began offering virtual job fairs in May 2021.

■ This has been a new experience for both employers and job seekers, but over time they are becoming more comfortable with the platform.

■ Of the 60 fairs conducted, 11 have been statewide events geared toward particular industries or customer groups—remote work, veterans, aerospace, corrections, apprenticeship and

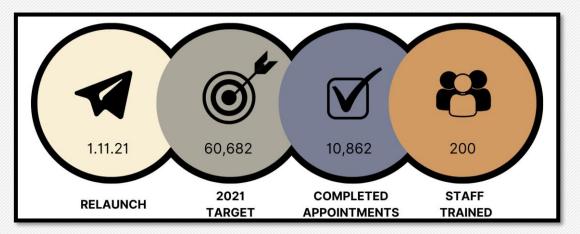
manufacturing.



Reemployment Services & Eligibility Assessment (RESEA)



- After suspending RESEA services in 2020, the RESEA team provided intensive refresher training to over 200 staff, preparing them to provide customized reemployment services.
- RESEA was relaunched on January 11, 2021, focusing on helping UI claimants become more employable and working with them to think about life beyond COVID.
- Since the RESEA relaunch, 96% of UICS customers who receive a RESEA letter schedule and attend their appointment with a WorkSource Specialist.



Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA)



- 25 Washington companies have been TAA certified since July 1st 2020, resulting in approximately 3472 workers being eligible for TAA services.
- Almost four times as many customers have enrolled and are being served in the TAA program now, as compared to the end of FY20.



• 611 TAA enrollees have approved training plans with an additional 80 under review.

Preparing Facilities for In-person Services



- Installed COVID safety items
 - spit shields
 - modified floorplans to accommodate socials distancing
 - Improved signage
 - Stocked cleaning/disinfecting equipment





- Installing screening kiosks for staff and customers to use at check-in
- ESD's Safety and Facilities Plan received OFM approval
- Surveyed staff on availability to return to in-person service

