BILL REQUEST - CODE REVISER'S OFFICE

- BILL REQ. #: Z-0164.2/21 2nd draft
- ATTY/TYPIST: RB:eab
- BRIEF DESCRIPTION: Concerning unemployment insurance.

ACT Relating to unemployment insurance; amending RCW 1 AN 2 28B.50.030, 50.04.323, 50.16.030, 50.20.010, 50.20.020, 50.20.100, 50.20.118, 50.20.120, 50.20.140, 50.24.014, 50.29.021, 50.29.026, 3 50.29.027, 50.29.041, 50.29.062, 50.29.063, 50.44.060, 50.60.020, and 4 50.60.110; reenacting and amending RCW 50.20.050 and 50.29.025; 5 adding new sections to chapter 50.04 RCW; adding a new section to 6 7 chapter 50.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 50.60 RCW; 8 creating a new section; repealing RCW 50.20.1201 and 50.20.1202; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency. 9

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

11 Sec. 1. RCW 28B.50.030 and 2015 c 55 s 226 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

13 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 14 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

"Adult education" means all education or instruction, 15 (1)including academic, vocational education or training, basic skills 16 17 and literacy training, and "occupational education" provided by public educational institutions, including common school districts 18 for persons who are eighteen years of age and over or who hold a high 19 20 school diploma or certificate. However, "adult education" shall not include academic education or instruction for persons under twenty-21 Code Rev/RB:eab 1 Z-0164.2/21 2nd draft

1 one years of age who do not hold a high school degree or diploma and 2 who are attending a public high school for the sole purpose of 3 obtaining a high school diploma or certificate, nor shall "adult 4 education" include education or instruction provided by any four-year 5 public institution of higher education.

6 (2) "Applied baccalaureate degree" means a baccalaureate degree 7 awarded by a college under RCW 28B.50.810 for successful completion 8 of a program of study that is:

9 (a) Specifically designed for individuals who hold an associate 10 of applied science degree, or its equivalent, in order to maximize 11 application of their technical course credits toward the 12 baccalaureate degree; and

13 (b) Based on a curriculum that incorporates both theoretical and 14 applied knowledge and skills in a specific technical field.

15 (3) "Board" means the workforce training and education 16 coordinating board.

17 (4) "Board of trustees" means the local community and technical 18 college board of trustees established for each college district 19 within the state.

(5) "Center of excellence" means a community or technical college designated by the college board as a statewide leader in industry-specific, community and technical college workforce education and training.

(6) "College board" means the state board for community andtechnical colleges created by this chapter.

26 (7) "Common school board" means a public school district board of 27 directors.

(8) "Community college" includes those higher education
 institutions that conduct education programs under RCW 28B.50.020.

30 (9) "Director" means the administrative director for the state 31 system of community and technical colleges.

(10) "Dislocated forest product worker" means a forest products 32 worker who: (a)(i) Has been terminated or received notice of 33 termination from employment and is unlikely to return to employment 34 in the individual's principal occupation or previous industry because 35 of a diminishing demand for his or her skills in that occupation or 36 industry; or (ii) is self-employed and has been displaced from his or 37 her business because of the diminishing demand for the business' 38 39 services or goods; and (b) at the time of last separation from

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1 employment, resided in or was employed in a rural natural resources
2 impact area.

(11) "Dislocated salmon fishing worker" means a finfish products 3 worker who: (a)(i) Has been terminated or received notice of 4 termination from employment and is unlikely to return to employment 5 6 in the individual's principal occupation or previous industry because of a diminishing demand for his or her skills in that occupation or 7 industry; or (ii) is self-employed and has been displaced from his or 8 her business because of the diminishing demand for the business's 9 services or goods; and (b) at the time of last separation from 10 employment, resided in or was employed in a rural natural resources 11 12 impact area.

13 (12) "District" means any one of the community and technical 14 college districts created by this chapter.

15 (13) "Forest products worker" means a worker in the forest 16 products industries affected by the reduction of forest fiber 17 enhancement, transportation, or production. The workers included within this definition shall be determined by the employment security 18 department, but shall include workers employed in the industries 19 assigned the major group standard industrial classification codes 20 "24" and "26" and the industries involved in the harvesting and 21 management of logs, transportation of logs and wood products, 22 23 processing of wood products, and the manufacturing and distribution of wood processing and logging equipment. The commissioner may adopt 24 25 rules further interpreting these definitions. ((For the purposes of this subsection, "standard industrial classification code" means the 26 27 code identified in RCW 50.29.025(3).))

(14) "High employer demand program of study" means an apprenticeship, or an undergraduate or graduate certificate or degree program in which the number of students prepared for employment per year from in-state institutions is substantially less than the number of projected job openings per year in that field, statewide or in a substate region.

34 (15) "K-12 system" means the public school program including 35 kindergarten through the twelfth grade.

36 (16) "Occupational education" means education or training that 37 will prepare a student for employment that does not require a 38 baccalaureate degree, and education and training that will prepare a 39 student for transfer to bachelor's degrees in professional fields, 40 subject to rules adopted by the college board.

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(17) "Qualified institutions of higher education" means:

(a) Washington public community and technical colleges;

(b) Private career schools that are members of an accrediting 3 association recognized by rule of the student achievement council for 4 the purposes of chapter 28B.92 RCW; and 5

6 (c) Washington state apprenticeship and training council-approved 7 apprenticeship programs.

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(18) "Rural natural resources impact area" means:

(a) A nonmetropolitan county, as defined by the 1990 decennial 9 census, that meets three of the five criteria set forth in subsection 10 11 (19) of this section;

12 (b) A nonmetropolitan county with a population of less than forty thousand in the 1990 decennial census, that meets two of the five 13 criteria as set forth in subsection (19) of this section; or 14

(c) A nonurbanized area, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, 15 16 that is located in a metropolitan county that meets three of the five 17 criteria set forth in subsection (19) of this section.

(19) For the purposes of designating rural natural resources 18 impact areas, the following criteria shall be considered: 19

(a) A lumber and wood products employment location quotient at or 20 21 above the state average;

(b) A commercial salmon fishing employment location quotient at 22 23 or above the state average;

(c) Projected or actual direct lumber and wood products job 24 25 losses of one hundred positions or more;

26 (d) Projected or actual direct commercial salmon fishing job losses of one hundred positions or more; and 27

(e) An unemployment rate twenty percent or more above the state 28 average. The counties that meet these criteria shall be determined by 29 the employment security department for the most recent year for which 30 31 data is available. For the purposes of administration of programs under this chapter, the United States post office five-digit zip code 32 delivery areas will be used to determine residence status for 33 eligibility purposes. For the purpose of this definition, a zip code 34 delivery area of which any part is ten miles or more from an 35 36 urbanized area is considered nonurbanized. A zip code totally surrounded by zip codes qualifying as nonurbanized under this 37 definition is also considered nonurbanized. The office of financial 38 39 management shall make available a zip code listing of the areas to all agencies and organizations providing services under this chapter. 40 Code Rev/RB:eab Z-0164.2/21 2nd draft

1 (20) "Salmon fishing worker" means a worker in the finfish 2 industry affected by 1994 or future salmon disasters. The workers 3 included within this definition shall be determined by the employment 4 security department, but shall include workers employed in the 5 industries involved in the commercial and recreational harvesting of 6 finfish including buying and processing finfish. The commissioner may 7 adopt rules further interpreting these definitions.

8 (21) "System" means the state system of community and technical 9 colleges, which shall be a system of higher education.

"Technical college" includes those higher education 10 (22)institutions with the mission of conducting occupational education, 11 12 basic skills, literacy programs, and offering on short notice, when appropriate, programs that meet specific industry needs. For purposes 13 14 of this chapter, technical colleges shall include the following college districts as created in RCW 28B.50.040: The twenty-fifth 15 16 college district, the twenty-sixth college district, the twenty-17 seventh college district, the twenty-eighth college district, and the 18 twenty-ninth college district.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 50.04 20 RCW to read as follows:

21 "Public health emergency" means a declaration or order that 22 covers the jurisdiction where the unemployed individual was working 23 on the date the individual became unemployed concerning any 24 dangerous, contagious, or infectious diseases, including a pandemic, 25 and is issued as follows:

26 (1) The president of the United States has declared a national or 27 regional emergency;

28 (2) The governor of Washington declared a state of emergency 29 under RCW 43.06.010(12); or

30 (3) The governor or state executive of another state where the 31 unemployed individual was working at the time of the declaration 32 declared a state of emergency.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 50.04 34 RCW to read as follows:

35 "Department" means the employment security department, unless the 36 context clearly indicates otherwise.

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1 Sec. 4. RCW 50.04.323 and 1993 c 483 s 2 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 (1) The amount of benefits payable to an individual for any week ((which begins after October 3, 1980, and)) which begins in a period 4 with respect to which such individual is receiving a governmental or 5 6 other pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or any other similar periodic payment which is based on the previous work of such 7 individual shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an amount equal 8 to the amount of such pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or 9 other payment, which is reasonably attributable to such week. 10 11 However:

(a) The requirements of this subsection shall apply to any
 pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or other similar
 periodic payment only if—

(i) Such pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or similar payment is under a plan maintained (or contributed to) by a base period employer; and

(ii) In the case of such a payment not made under the Social Security Act or the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (or corresponding provisions of prior law), services performed for such employer by the individual after the beginning of the base period (or remuneration for such services) affect eligibility for, or increase the amount of, such pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or similar payment;

(b) The amount of any such a reduction shall take into account contributions made by the individual for the pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or other similar periodic payment, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the commissioner; and

(c) No deduction shall be made from the amount of benefits payable for a week for individuals receiving federal social security pensions to take into account the individuals' contributions to the pension program.

32 (2) In the event that a retroactive pension or retirement payment 33 covers a period in which an individual received benefits under the 34 provisions of this title, the amount in excess of the amount to which 35 such individual would have been entitled had such retirement or 36 pension payment been considered as provided in this section shall be 37 recoverable under RCW 50.20.190.

38 (3) A lump sum payment accumulated in a plan described in this 39 section paid to an individual eligible for such payment shall ((be 40 prorated over the life expectancy of the individual computed in

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1 accordance with the commissioner's regulation)) not be deducted from

2 the amount of benefits payable to an individual for any given week.

3 (4) The resulting weekly benefit amount payable after reduction 4 under this section, if not a multiple of one dollar, shall be reduced 5 to the next lower multiple of one dollar.

(5) Any ambiguity in subsection (1) of this section should be
construed in a manner consistent with 26 U.S.C. Sec. 3304 (a)(15)
((as last amended by P.L. 96-364)).

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 50.12 10 RCW to read as follows:

(1) By December 1, 2021, and annually thereafter until December 1, 2025, and in compliance with RCW 43.01.036, the department must report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature on the following:

(a) Status of the unemployment trust fund, including any federaladvances required for trust fund solvency;

17 (b) A review of the amount of wages subject to tax. This review 18 shall include an analysis of the equitable treatment of employers 19 based on the amount of wages subject to tax, including a comparison 20 of the percentage of wages subject to tax for small, medium, and 21 large businesses and examples of how changes to the amount of wages 22 subject to tax would impact trust fund balances and employer 23 contributions;

(c) An analysis of the impact of the minimum weekly benefit amount increase, including comparing wages earned and benefits claimed for those individuals receiving the minimum weekly benefit amount and the average claim duration for those individuals.

(2) The department must use an existing unemployment insurance 28 advisory committee comprising of members of business and members of 29 30 labor to consult in the development of this report, including any evidentiary assumptions underlying the report. The report must be 31 specifically discussed in a minimum of two meetings of the committee 32 each year prior to submitting the report. The report must also 33 include a section for committee members to respond directly to the 34 35 contents of the report.

36 (3) This section expires January 31, 2026.

37 Sec. 6. RCW 50.16.030 and 2011 c 4 s 4 are each amended to read 38 as follows:

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1 (1) (((a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, moneys)) Moneys shall be requisitioned from this state's account in 2 the unemployment trust fund solely for the payment of benefits and 3 repayment of loans from the federal government to guarantee solvency 4 of the unemployment compensation fund in accordance with regulations 5 6 prescribed by the commissioner, except that money credited to this state's account pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, 7 as amended, shall be used exclusively as provided in subsection (5) 8 of this section. The commissioner shall from time to time requisition 9 from the unemployment trust fund such amounts, not exceeding the 10 11 amounts standing to its account therein, as ((he or she)) the 12 commissioner deems necessary for the payment of benefits for a reasonable future period. Upon receipt thereof the treasurer shall 13 deposit such moneys in the benefit account and shall issue his or her 14 15 warrants for the payment of benefits solely from such benefits 16 account.

17 (((b) During fiscal year 2006, moneys for the payment of regular 18 benefits as defined in RCW 50.22.010 shall be requisitioned in the 19 following order:

20 (i) First, from the moneys credited to this state's account in 21 the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended in section 209 of the temporary extended 22 23 unemployment compensation act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1103(d)), the 24 amount equal to the amount of benefits charged that exceed the 25 contributions paid in the four consecutive calendar quarters ending on June 30, 2006, because the social cost factor contributions that 26 27 employers are subject to under RCW 50.29.025(2)(b)(ii)(B) are less 28 than the social cost factor contributions that these employers would have been subject to if RCW 50.29.025(2)(b)(ii)(A) had applied to 29 30 these employers; and

31 (ii) Second, after the requisitioning required under (b)(i) of 32 this subsection, from all other moneys credited to this state's 33 account in the unemployment trust fund.

34 (c) During fiscal years 2012 and 2013, if moneys are credited to 35 this state's account in the unemployment trust fund pursuant to 36 section 903(f)(3) of the social security act, as amended in section 37 2003 of the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009 (42 U.S.C. 38 Sec. 1103(f)(3)), moneys for the payment of regular benefits as 39 defined in RCW 50.22.010 shall be requisitioned in the following 40 order:

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1 (i) First, from the moneys credited to this state's account in the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 903 of the social 2 security act, as amended in section 2003 of the American recovery and 3 reinvestment act of 2009 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1103(f)), a total amount 4 during the two-year period consisting of fiscal years 2012 and 2013 5 6 that is equal to the total amount of temporary benefit increases under RCW 50.20.1202. This subsection shall not be construed as 7 requiring that the total amount be requisitioned in each of these 8 9 fiscal years; and

10 (ii) Second, after the requisitioning required under (c) (i) of 11 this subsection, from all other moneys credited to this state's 12 account in the unemployment trust fund.))

(2) Expenditures of such moneys in the benefit account and 13 refunds from the clearing account shall not be subject to any 14 provisions of law requiring specific appropriations or other formal 15 16 release by state officers of money in their custody, and RCW 17 43.01.050, as amended, shall not apply. All warrants issued by the treasurer for the payment of benefits and refunds shall bear the 18 19 signature of the treasurer and the countersignature of the commissioner, or his or her duly authorized agent for that purpose. 20

21 (3) Any balance of moneys requisitioned from the unemployment trust fund which remains unclaimed or unpaid in the benefit account 22 23 after the expiration of the period for which sums were requisitioned shall either be deducted from estimates for, and may be utilized for 24 25 the payment of, benefits during succeeding periods, or in the discretion of the commissioner, shall be redeposited with the 26 secretary of the treasury of the United States of America to the 27 28 credit of this state's account in the unemployment trust fund.

(4) Money credited to the account of this state in 29 the unemployment trust fund by the secretary of the treasury of the 30 31 United States of America pursuant to section 903 of the social 32 security act, as amended, may be requisitioned and used for the payment of expenses incurred for the administration of this title 33 pursuant to a specific appropriation by the legislature, provided 34 that the expenses are incurred and the money is requisitioned after 35 36 the enactment of an appropriation law which:

37 (a) Specifies the purposes for which such money is appropriated38 and the amounts appropriated therefor;

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1 (b) Limits the period within which such money may be obligated to 2 a period ending not more than two years after the date of the 3 enactment of the appropriation law; and

(c) Limits the amount which may be obligated during a twelve-4 month period beginning on July 1st and ending on the next June 30th 5 6 to an amount which does not exceed the amount by which (i) the aggregate of the amounts credited to the account of this state 7 pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended, 8 during the same twelve-month period and the thirty-four preceding 9 twelve-month periods, exceeds (ii) the aggregate of the amounts 10 11 obligated pursuant to subsections (4) through (6) of this section and 12 charged against the amounts credited to the account of this state during any of such thirty-five twelve-month periods. For the purposes 13 of subsections (4) through (6) of this section, amounts obligated 14 during any such twelve-month period shall be charged against 15 16 equivalent amounts which were first credited and which are not 17 charged; except that no amount obligated already SO for administration during any such twelve-month period may be charged 18 against any amount credited during such a twelve-month period earlier 19 than the thirty-fourth twelve-month period preceding such period: 20 PROVIDED, That any amount credited to this state's account under 21 22 section 903 of the social security act, as amended, which has been appropriated for expenses of administration, whether or not withdrawn 23 from the trust fund shall be excluded from the unemployment 24 25 compensation fund balance for the purpose of experience rating credit determination. 26

(5) Money credited to the account of this state pursuant to 27 section 903 of the social security act, as amended, may not be 28 withdrawn or used except for the payment of benefits and for the 29 payment of expenses of administration and of public employment 30 31 offices pursuant to subsections (4) through (6) of this section. 32 ((However, moneys credited because of excess amounts in federal accounts in federal fiscal years 1999, 2000, and 2001 shall be used 33 solely for the administration of the unemployment compensation 34 program and are not subject to appropriation by the legislature for 35 36 any other purpose.))

37 (6) Money requisitioned as provided in subsections (4) through
 38 (6) of this section for the payment of expenses of administration
 39 shall be deposited in the unemployment compensation fund, but until
 40 expended, shall remain a part of the unemployment compensation fund.
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1 The commissioner shall maintain a separate record of the deposit, 2 obligation, expenditure and return of funds so deposited. Any money 3 so deposited which either will not be obligated within the period 4 specified by the appropriation law or remains unobligated at the end 5 of the period, and any money which has been obligated within the 6 period but will not be expended, shall be returned promptly to the 7 account of this state in the unemployment trust fund.

8 Sec. 7. RCW 50.20.010 and 2020 c 7 s 8 are each amended to read 9 as follows:

10 (1) An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive waiting 11 period credits or benefits with respect to any week in his or her 12 eligibility period only if the commissioner finds that:

(a) ((He or she)) The individual has registered for work at, and 13 thereafter has continued to report at, an employment office in 14 15 accordance with such regulation as the commissioner may prescribe, except that the commissioner may by regulation waive or alter either 16 or both of the requirements of this subdivision as to individuals 17 attached to regular jobs and as to such other types of cases or 18 situations with respect to which the commissioner finds that the 19 20 compliance with such requirements would be oppressive, or would be 21 inconsistent with the purposes of this title;

(b) ((He or she)) <u>The individual</u> has filed an application for an initial determination and made a claim for waiting period credit or for benefits in accordance with the provisions of this title;

(c) ((He or she)) <u>The individual</u> is able to work, and is available for work in any trade, occupation, profession, or business for which ((he or she)) <u>the individual</u> is reasonably fitted.

(i) To be available for work, an individual must be ready, able, and willing, immediately to accept any suitable work which may be offered to him or her and must be actively seeking work pursuant to customary trade practices and through other methods when so directed by the commissioner or the commissioner's agents. If a labor agreement or dispatch rules apply, customary trade practices must be in accordance with the applicable agreement or rules.

(ii) Until June 30, 2021, an individual under quarantine or isolation, as defined by the department of health, as directed by a public health official during the novel coronavirus outbreak pursuant to the gubernatorial declaration of emergency of February 29, 2020, will meet the requirements of this subsection (1)(c) if the Code Rev/RB:eab 11 Z-0164.2/21 2nd draft 1 individual is able to perform, available to perform, and actively 2 seeking work which can be performed while under quarantine or 3 isolation.

4 (iii) For the purposes of this subsection, "customary trade 5 practices" includes compliance with an electrical apprenticeship 6 training program that includes a recognized referral system under 7 apprenticeship program standards approved by the Washington state 8 apprenticeship and training council;

9 (d) ((He or she)) The individual has been unemployed for a 10 waiting period of one week;

(e) ((He or she)) <u>The individual</u> participates in reemployment services if the individual has been referred to reemployment services pursuant to the profiling system established by the commissioner under RCW 50.20.011, unless the commissioner determines that:

15

(i) The individual has completed such services; or

16 (ii) There is justifiable cause for the claimant's failure to 17 participate in such services; and

(f) As to weeks ((beginning after March 31, 1981,)) which fall within an extended benefit period as defined in RCW 50.22.010, the individual meets the terms and conditions of RCW 50.22.020 with respect to benefits claimed in excess of twenty-six times the individual's weekly benefit amount.

(2) An individual's eligibility period for regular benefits shall be coincident to his or her established benefit year. An individual's eligibility period for additional or extended benefits shall be the periods prescribed elsewhere in this title for such benefits.

27 (3) (a) For any weeks of unemployment insurance benefits when the 28 one week waiting period is fully paid or fully reimbursed by the 29 federal government, subsection (1) (d) of this section is waived.

30 (b) For any weeks of unemployment insurance benefits when the one 31 week waiting period is partially paid or partially reimbursed by the 32 federal government, the department may, by rule, elect to waive 33 subsection (1)(d) of this section.

34 <u>(4) During the weeks of a public health emergency, an unemployed</u> 35 <u>individual may also meet the requirements of subsection (1)(c) of</u> 36 <u>this section if:</u>

37 (a) The unemployed individual is able to perform, available to 38 perform, and actively seeking suitable work which can be performed 39 for an employer from the individual's home; and

1	(b) The unemployed individual or another individual residing with
2	the unemployed individual is at higher risk of severe illness or
3	death from the disease that is the subject of the public health
4	emergency because the higher risk individual:
5	(i) Was in an age category that is defined as high risk for the
6	disease that is the subject of the public health emergency by:
7	(A) The federal centers for disease control and prevention;
8	(B) The department of health; or
9	(C) The equivalent agency in the state where the individual
10	resides; or
11	(ii) Has an underlying health condition, verified as required by
12	the department by rule, that is identified as a risk factor for the
13	disease that is the subject of the public health emergency by:
14	(A) The federal centers for disease control and prevention;
15	(B) The department of health; or
16	(C) The equivalent agency in the state where the individual
17	resides.
18	Sec. 8. RCW 50.20.020 and 2010 c 8 s 13021 are each amended to
19	read as follows:
20	(1) No week shall be counted as a waiting period week(($_ au$
21	(1) if benefits have been paid with respect thereto, and
22	(2) unless the individual was otherwise eligible for benefits
23	with respect thereto, and
24	(3) unless it occurs within the benefit year which includes the
25	week with respect to which he or she claims payment of benefits)) if
26	benefits have been paid for that week, the individual was otherwise
27	eligible for benefits, and it occurs within the benefit year which
28	includes the week with respect to which the individual claims payment
29	<u>of benefits.</u>
30	(2) If RCW 50.20.010(1)(d) is waived, subsection (1) of this
31	section is waived.
32	Sec. 9. RCW 50.20.050 and 2009 c 493 s 3 and 2009 c 247 s 1 are
33	each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
34	(1) With respect to ((claims that have an effective date on or
35	after January 4, 2004, and for separations that occur before
36	September 6, 2009)) separations that occur on or after September 6,
37	2009, and for separations that occur before April 4, 2021:

1 (a) ((An individual)) A claimant shall be disqualified from benefits beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which 2 ((he or she has)) the claimant left work voluntarily without good 3 cause and thereafter for seven calendar weeks and until ((he or she 4 has obtained)) the claimant obtains bona fide work in employment 5 6 covered by this title and earned wages in that employment equal to seven times ((his or her)) the claimant's weekly benefit amount. Good 7 cause reasons to leave work are limited to reasons listed in (b) of 8 this subsection. 9

10 The disqualification shall continue if the work obtained is a 11 mere sham to qualify for benefits and is not bona fide work. In 12 determining whether work is of a bona fide nature, the commissioner 13 shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:

14 (i) The duration of the work;

15 (ii) The extent of direction and control by the employer over the 16 work; and

17 (iii) The level of skill required for the work in light of the 18 ((individual's)) the claimant's training and experience.

(b) ((An individual)) <u>A claimant has good cause and</u> is not disqualified from benefits under (a) of this subsection ((when)) <u>only</u> <u>under the following circumstances</u>:

(i) ((He or she)) <u>The claimant</u> has left work to accept a bona
fide offer of bona fide work as described in (a) of this subsection;

(ii) The separation was necessary because of the illness or disability of the claimant or the death, illness, or disability of a member of the claimant's immediate family if:

(A) The claimant pursued all reasonable alternatives to preserve 27 ((his or her)) the claimant's employment status by requesting a leave 28 of absence, by having promptly notified the employer of the reason 29 for the absence, and by having promptly requested reemployment when 30 31 again able to assume employment. These alternatives need not be pursued, however, when they would have been a futile act, including 32 those instances when the futility of the act was a result of a 33 recognized labor/management dispatch system; and 34

35 (B) The claimant terminated ((his or her)) the claimant's 36 employment status, and is not entitled to be reinstated to the same 37 position or a comparable or similar position;

38 (iii) (((A) With respect to claims that have an effective date 39 before July 2, 2006, he or she: (I)) The claimant: (A) Left work to 40 relocate for the ((spouse's)) employment ((that, due to a mandatory Code Rev/RB:eab 14 Z-0164.2/21 2nd draft 1 military transfer: (1) Is outside the existing labor market area; and 2 (2) is in Washington or another state that, pursuant to statute, does 3 not consider such an individual to have left work voluntarily without 4 good cause; and (II) remained employed as long as was reasonable 5 prior to the move;

6 (B) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or 7 after July 2, 2006, he or she: (I) Left work to relocate for the 8 spouse's employment that, due to a mandatory military transfer, is 9 outside the existing labor market area; and (II) remained employed as 10 long as was reasonable prior to the move)) of a spouse or domestic 11 partner that is outside the existing labor market area; and (B) 12 remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move;

(iv) The separation was necessary to protect the claimant or the claimant's immediate family members from domestic violence, as defined in RCW 26.50.010, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110;

16 (v) The ((individual's)) claimant's usual compensation was 17 reduced by twenty-five percent or more;

18 (vi) The ((individual's)) claimant's usual hours were reduced by 19 twenty-five percent or more;

20 (vii) The ((individual's)) <u>claimant's</u> worksite changed, such 21 change caused a material increase in distance or difficulty of 22 travel, and, after the change, the commute was greater than is 23 customary for workers in the ((individual's)) <u>claimant's</u> job 24 classification and labor market;

(viii) The ((individual's)) <u>claimant's</u> worksite safety deteriorated, the ((individual)) <u>claimant</u> reported such safety deterioration to the employer, and the employer failed to correct the hazards within a reasonable period of time;

(ix) The ((individual)) <u>claimant</u> left work because of illegal activities in the ((individual's)) <u>claimant's</u> worksite, the ((individual)) <u>claimant</u> reported such activities to the employer, and the employer failed to end such activities within a reasonable period of time;

34 (x) The ((individual's)) <u>claimant's</u> usual work was changed to 35 work that violates the ((individual's)) <u>claimant's</u> religious 36 convictions or sincere moral beliefs; or

37 (xi) The ((individual)) <u>claimant</u> left work to enter an 38 apprenticeship program approved by the Washington state 39 apprenticeship training council. Benefits are payable beginning

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Sunday of the week prior to the week in which the ((individual))
 <u>claimant</u> begins active participation in the apprenticeship program.

3 (2) With respect to separations that occur on or after 4 ((September 6, 2009)) April 4, 2021:

(a) ((An individual)) A claimant shall be disqualified from 5 6 benefits beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which ((he or she)) the claimant has left work voluntarily without good 7 cause and thereafter for seven calendar weeks and until ((he or she)) 8 the claimant has obtained bona fide work in employment covered by 9 this title and earned wages in that employment equal to seven times 10 ((his or her)) the claimant's weekly benefit amount. Good cause 11 12 reasons to leave work are limited to reasons listed in (b) of this subsection. 13

The disqualification shall continue if the work obtained is a mere sham to qualify for benefits and is not bona fide work. In determining whether work is of a bona fide nature, the commissioner shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:

18

(i) The duration of the work;

19 (ii) The extent of direction and control by the employer over the 20 work; and

(iii) The level of skill required for the work in light of the ((individual's)) <u>claimant's</u> training and experience.

(b) ((An individual)) <u>A claimant</u> has good cause and is not disqualified from benefits under (a) of this subsection only under the following circumstances:

(i) ((He or she)) <u>The claimant</u> has left work to accept a bona
 fide offer of bona fide work as described in (a) of this subsection;

(ii) The separation was necessary because of the illness or disability of the claimant or the death, illness, or disability of a member of the claimant's immediate family if:

31 (A) The claimant ((pursued all reasonable alternatives)) made 32 <u>reasonable efforts</u> to preserve ((his or her)) the claimant's employment status by requesting a leave of absence, by having 33 promptly notified the employer of the reason for the absence, and by 34 having promptly requested reemployment when again able to assume 35 36 employment. These alternatives need not be pursued, however, when they would have been a futile act, including those instances when the 37 futility of the act was a result of a recognized labor/management 38 39 dispatch system; and

1 (B) The claimant terminated ((his or her)) the claimant's 2 employment status, and is not entitled to be reinstated to the same 3 position or a comparable or similar position;

4 (iii) The claimant: (A) Left work to relocate for the employment 5 of a spouse or domestic partner that is outside the existing labor 6 market area; and (B) remained employed as long as was reasonable 7 prior to the move;

8 (iv) The separation was necessary to protect the claimant or the 9 claimant's immediate family members from domestic violence, as 10 defined in RCW 26.50.010, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110;

11 (v) The ((individual's)) claimant's usual compensation was 12 reduced by twenty-five percent or more;

13 (vi) The ((individual's)) claimant's usual hours were reduced by 14 twenty-five percent or more;

15 (vii) The ((individual's)) <u>claimant's</u> worksite changed, such 16 change caused a material increase in distance or difficulty of 17 travel, and, after the change, the commute was greater than is 18 customary for workers in the individual's job classification and 19 labor market;

20 (viii) The ((individual's)) <u>claimant's</u> worksite safety 21 deteriorated, the ((individual)) <u>claimant</u> reported such safety 22 deterioration to the employer, and the employer failed to correct the 23 hazards within a reasonable period of time;

(ix) The ((individual)) <u>claimant</u> left work because of illegal activities in the ((individual's)) <u>claimant's</u> worksite, the ((individual)) <u>claimant</u> reported such activities to the employer, and the employer failed to end such activities within a reasonable period of time;

(x) The ((individual's)) <u>claimant's</u> usual work was changed to work that violates the ((individual's)) <u>claimant's</u> religious convictions or sincere moral beliefs; ((or))

32 (xi) The ((individual)) <u>claimant</u> left work to enter an 33 apprenticeship program approved by the Washington state 34 apprenticeship training council. Benefits are payable beginning 35 Sunday of the week prior to the week in which the ((individual)) 36 <u>claimant</u> begins active participation in the apprenticeship program; 37 <u>or</u>

38 <u>(xii) During a public health emergency:</u>

39 <u>(A) The claimant was unable to perform the claimant's work for</u> 40 <u>the employer from the claimant's home;</u>

1 (B) The claimant is able to perform, available to perform, and can actively seek suitable work which can be performed for an 2 3 employer from the claimant's home; and (C) The claimant or another individual residing with the claimant 4 is at higher risk of severe illness or death from the disease that is 5 6 the subject of the public health emergency because the higher risk 7 individual: (I) Was in an age category that is defined as high risk for the 8 disease that is the subject of the public health emergency by the 9 federal centers for disease control and prevention, the department of 10 health, or the equivalent agency in the state where the individual 11 12 resides; or (II) Has an underlying health condition, verified as required by 13 14 the department by rule, that is identified as a risk factor for the disease that is the subject of the public health emergency by the 15 16 federal centers for disease control and prevention, the department of 17 health, or the equivalent agency in the state where the individual

18 <u>resides</u>.

19 (3) Notwithstanding subsection (((2))) <u>(1)</u> of this section, ((for 20 separations occurring on or after July 26, 2009, an individual)) <u>a</u> 21 <u>claimant</u> who was simultaneously employed in full-time employment and 22 part-time employment and is otherwise eligible for benefits from the 23 loss of the full-time employment shall not be disqualified from 24 benefits because the ((individual)) <u>claimant</u>:

(a) Voluntarily quit the part-time employment before the loss ofthe full-time employment; and

(b) Did not have prior knowledge that ((he or she)) the claimant
 would be separated from full-time employment.

29 Sec. 10. RCW 50.20.100 and 2006 c 13 s 14 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

31 Suitable work for an individual is employment (1)in an occupation in keeping with the individual's prior work experience, 32 education, or training and if the individual has no prior work 33 experience, special education, or training for employment available 34 in the general area, then employment which the individual would have 35 the physical and mental ability to perform. In determining whether 36 work is suitable for an individual, the commissioner shall also 37 38 consider the degree of risk involved to the individual's health, safety, and morals, the degree of risk to the health of those 39

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residing with the individual during a public health emergency, the 1 individual's physical fitness, the individual's 2 length of 3 unemployment and prospects for securing local work in the individual's customary occupation, the distance of the available work 4 from the individual's residence, and such other factors as the 5 6 commissioner may deem pertinent, including state and national 7 emergencies.

8 (2) For individuals with base year work experience in 9 agricultural labor, any agricultural labor available from any 10 employer shall be deemed suitable unless it meets conditions in RCW 11 50.20.110 or the commissioner finds elements of specific work 12 opportunity unsuitable for a particular individual.

13 (3) For part-time workers as defined in RCW 50.20.119, suitable 14 work includes suitable work under subsection (1) of this section that 15 is for seventeen or fewer hours per week.

individuals who have qualified for unemployment 16 (4) For 17 compensation benefits under RCW 50.20.050 (1)(b)(iv) or (2)(b)(iv), as applicable, an evaluation of the suitability of the work must 18 19 consider the individual's need to address the physical, psychological, legal, and other effects of domestic violence or 20 21 stalking.

22 Sec. 11. RCW 50.20.118 and 1982 1st ex.s. c 18 s 7 are each 23 amended to read as follows:

24 (1) ((Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an otherwise eligible individual shall not be denied benefits for any 25 week because he or she is in training approved under section 26 27 236(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974, P.L. 93-618, nor may that individual be denied benefits for any such week by reason of leaving 28 29 work which is not suitable employment to enter such training, or for 30 failure to meet any requirement of federal or state law for any such 31 week which relates to the individual's availability for work, active 32 search for work, or refusal to accept work.

33 (2) For the purposes of this section, "suitable employment" means, with respect to an individual, work of a substantially equal 34 or higher skill level than the individual's past adversely affected 35 employment (as described for the purposes of the Trade Act of 1974, 36 37 P.L. 93-618), if the wages for such work are not less than eighty 38 percent of the individual's average weekly wage as determined for the 39 purposes of the Trade Act of 1974, P.L. 93-618.)) For purposes of Code Rev/RB:eab 19 Z-0164.2/21 2nd draft

this section, "adversely affected worker," "approved training," "on-1 the-job training," and "suitable employment" have the same definition 2 3 as in 20 C.F.R. Part 618. (2) An adversely affected worker may not be denied benefits 4 because: 5 6 (a) Such worker is enrolled in or participating in approved 7 training; (b) Such worker refuses work to which the department referred 8 such worker because such work either would require discontinuation of 9 10 approved training or interfere with successful participation in 11 approved training; 12 (c) Such worker quits work that was not suitable employment and it was reasonable and necessary to quit in order to begin or continue 13 approved training. This includes temporary employment the worker may 14 15 have engaged in during a break in training; (d) Such worker continues full-time or part-time employment while 16 17 participating in approved training; or (e) Such worker leaves on-the-job training within the first 30 18 19 days because the on-the-job training is not meeting the requirements of section 236(c)(1)(B) of the trade act of 1974, P.L. 96-618, as 20

21 <u>amended.</u>

22 Sec. 12. RCW 50.20.120 and 2011 c 4 s 2 are each amended to read 23 as follows:

24 ((Except as provided in RCW 50.20.1201 and 50.20.1202, benefits
25 shall be payable as provided in this section.))

(1) ((For claims with an effective date on or after April 4, 2004, benefits)) Benefits shall be payable to any eligible individual during the individual's benefit year in a maximum amount equal to the lesser of twenty-six times the weekly benefit amount, as determined in subsection (2) of this section, or one-third of the individual's base year wages under this title.

32 (2) ((For claims with an effective date on or after April 24, 33 2005, an)) An individual's weekly benefit amount shall be an amount 34 equal to three and eighty-five one-hundredths percent of the average 35 quarterly wages of the individual's total wages during the two 36 quarters of the individual's base year in which such total wages were 37 highest. 1 (3) The maximum and minimum amounts payable weekly shall be 2 determined as of each June 30th to apply to benefit years beginning 3 in the twelve-month period immediately following such June 30th.

4 (a) The maximum amount payable weekly shall be either four
5 hundred ninety-six dollars or sixty-three percent of the "average
6 weekly wage" for the calendar year preceding such June 30th,
7 whichever is greater.

8 (b) ((The)) <u>(i) For claims with an effective date of June 30,</u> 9 <u>2021, or before, the</u> minimum amount payable weekly shall be fifteen 10 percent of the "average weekly wage" for the calendar year preceding 11 such June 30th.

12 (ii) For claims with an effective date of July 1, 2021, or after, 13 the minimum amount payable weekly shall be 20 percent of the "average 14 weekly wage" for the calendar year preceding such June 30th.

15 (4) If any weekly benefit, maximum benefit, or minimum benefit 16 amount computed herein is not a multiple of one dollar, it shall be 17 reduced to the next lower multiple of one dollar.

18 Sec. 13. RCW 50.20.140 and 1998 c 161 s 2 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

20 (1) An application for initial determination, a claim for waiting period, or a claim for benefits shall be filed in accordance with 21 such rules as the commissioner may prescribe. An application for an 22 initial determination may be made by any individual whether 23 24 unemployed or not. Each employer shall post and maintain printed 25 statements of such rules in places readily accessible to individuals in his or her employment and shall make available to each such 26 27 individual at the time he or she becomes unemployed, a printed statement of such rules and such notices, instructions, and other 28 material as the commissioner may by rule prescribe. Such printed 29 30 material shall be supplied by the commissioner to each employer without cost to the employer. 31

32 (2) The term "application for initial determination" shall mean a 33 request in writing, or by other means as determined by the 34 commissioner, for an initial determination.

35 <u>(3)</u> The term "claim for waiting period" shall mean a 36 certification, after the close of a given week, that the requirements 37 stated herein for eligibility for waiting period have been met. <u>If</u> 38 <u>RCW 50.20.010(1)(d) is waived, the term "claim for waiting period" is</u>

39 <u>not applicable.</u>

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1 <u>(4)</u> The term "claim for benefits" shall mean a certification, 2 after the close of a given week, that the requirements stated herein 3 for eligibility for receipt of benefits have been met.

(5) A representative designated by the commissioner shall take 4 the application for initial determination and for the claim for 5 6 waiting period credits or for benefits. When an application for initial determination has been made, the 7 employment security department shall promptly make an initial determination which shall 8 be a statement of the applicant's base year wages, ((his or her)) 9 weekly benefit amount, ((his or her)) maximum amount of benefits 10 11 potentially payable, and ((his or her)) benefit year. Such 12 determination shall fix the general conditions under which waiting period credit shall be granted and under which benefits shall be paid 13 during any period of unemployment occurring within the benefit year 14 fixed by such determination. 15

16 **Sec. 14.** RCW 50.24.014 and 2016 sp.s. c 36 s 941 are each 17 amended to read as follows:

18 (1) (a) A separate and identifiable account to provide for the financing of special programs to assist the unemployed is established 19 in the administrative contingency fund. All money in this account 20 shall be expended solely for the purposes of this title and for no 21 22 other purposes whatsoever. Contributions to this account shall accrue and become payable by each employer, except employers as described in 23 24 50.44.010 and 50.44.030 who have properly elected to make RCW payments in lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers 25 as described in RCW 50.44.035, and those employers who are required 26 27 to make payments in lieu of contributions, at a basic rate of two 28 one-hundredths of one percent. The amount of wages subject to tax shall be determined under RCW 50.24.010. 29

30 (b) A separate and identifiable account is established in the administrative contingency fund for financing the employment security 31 department's administrative costs under RCW 50.22.150 and 50.22.155 32 and the costs under RCW 50.22.150(11) and 50.22.155 (1)(m) and 33 (2) (m). All money in this account shall be expended solely for the 34 purposes of this title and for no other purposes whatsoever. 35 Contributions to this account shall accrue and become payable by each 36 employer, except employers as described in RCW 37 50.44.010 and 38 50.44.030 who have properly elected to make payments in lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers as described in RCW 39 Code Rev/RB:eab 22 Z-0164.2/21 2nd draft

50.44.035, those employers who are required to make payments in lieu 1 contributions, those employers described of 2 under RCW 50.29.025(((+2))) (1)(d), and those qualified employers assigned rate 3 class 20 or rate class 40, as applicable, under RCW 50.29.025, at a 4 basic rate of one one-hundredth of one percent. The amount of wages 5 6 subject to tax shall be determined under RCW 50.24.010. Any amount of contributions payable under this subsection (1)(b) that exceeds the 7 amount that would have been collected at a rate of four one-8 thousandths of one percent must be deposited in the account created 9 in (a) of this subsection. 10

(2) (a) Contributions under this section shall become due and be paid by each employer under rules as the commissioner may prescribe, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in the employ of the employer. Any deduction in violation of this section is unlawful.

16 (b) In the payment of any contributions under this section, a 17 fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to 18 one-half cent or more, in which case it shall be increased to one 19 cent.

(3) If the commissioner determines that federal funding has been increased to provide financing for the services specified in chapter 50.62 RCW, the commissioner shall direct that collection of contributions under this section be terminated on the following January 1st.

(((4) During the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium, the legislature may transfer into the unrestricted administrative contingency fund and into the state general fund from the account in subsection (1)(b) of this section such amounts as reflect the excess fund balance of the account.))

30 Sec. 15. RCW 50.29.021 and 2020 c 86 s 3 are each amended to 31 read as follows:

(1) (a) An experience rating account shall be established and maintained for each employer, except employers as described in RCW 50.44.010, 50.44.030, and 50.50.030 who have properly elected to make payments in lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers as described in RCW 50.44.035, and those employers who are required to make payments in lieu of contributions, based on existing records of the employment security department.

1 (b) Benefits paid to an eligible individual shall be charged to 2 the experience rating accounts of each of such individual's employers 3 during the individual's base year in the same ratio that the wages 4 paid by each employer to the individual during the base year bear to 5 the wages paid by all employers to that individual during that base 6 year, except as otherwise provided in this section.

7 (c) When the eligible individual's separating employer is a 8 covered contribution paying base year employer, benefits paid to the 9 eligible individual shall be charged to the experience rating account 10 of only the individual's separating employer if the individual 11 qualifies for benefits under:

(i) RCW 50.20.050 (1)(b)(i) or (2)(b)(i), as applicable, and became unemployed after having worked and earned wages in the bona fide work; or

15 (ii) RCW 50.20.050 (1)(b) (v) through (x) or (2)(b) (v) through 16 (x).

17 (2) The legislature finds that certain benefit payments, in whole 18 or in part, should not be charged to the experience rating accounts 19 of employers except those employers described in RCW 50.44.010, 20 50.44.030, and 50.50.030 who have properly elected to make payments 21 in lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers 22 described in RCW 50.44.035, and those employers who are required to 23 make payments in lieu of contributions, as follows:

(a) Benefits paid to any individual later determined to be
ineligible shall not be charged to the experience rating account of
any contribution paying employer, except as provided in subsection
(4) of this section.

(b) Benefits paid to an individual filing under the provisions of
 chapter 50.06 RCW shall not be charged to the experience rating
 account of any contribution paying employer only if:

31 (i) The individual files under RCW 50.06.020(1) after receiving 32 crime victims' compensation for a disability resulting from a 33 nonwork-related occurrence; or

34

(ii) The individual files under RCW 50.06.020(2).

35 (c) Benefits paid which represent the state's share of benefits 36 payable as extended benefits defined under RCW 50.22.010(6) shall not 37 be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution 38 paying employer.

39 (d) In the case of individuals who requalify for benefits under
 40 RCW 50.20.050 or 50.20.060, benefits based on wage credits earned
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1 prior to the disqualifying separation shall not be charged to the 2 experience rating account of the contribution paying employer from 3 whom that separation took place.

4 (e) Benefits paid to an individual who qualifies for benefits
5 under RCW 50.20.050 (1) (b) (iv) or (xi) or (2) (b) (iv) ((or)), (xi),
6 or (xii), as applicable, shall not be charged to the experience
7 rating account of any contribution paying employer.

(f) ((With respect to claims with an effective date on or after 8 the first Sunday following April 22, 2005, benefits)) Benefits paid 9 that exceed the benefits that would have been paid if the weekly 10 benefit amount for the claim had been determined as one percent of 11 12 the total wages paid in the individual's base year shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying 13 employer. This subsection (2)(f) does not apply to the calculation of 14 15 contribution rates under RCW 50.29.025 for rate year 2010 and 16 thereafter.

17 (g) ((The forty-five dollar increase paid as part of an 18 individual's weekly benefit amount as provided in RCW 50.20.1201 and 19 the twenty-five dollar increase paid as part of an individual's 20 weekly benefit amount as provided in RCW 50.20.1202 shall not be 21 charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying 22 employer.

(h) With respect to claims where the minimum amount payable weekly is increased to one hundred fifty-five dollars pursuant to RCW 50.20.1201(3), benefits paid that exceed the benefits that would have been paid if the minimum amount payable weekly had been calculated pursuant to RCW 50.20.120 shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.

29 (i)) Upon approval of an individual's training benefits plan 30 submitted in accordance with RCW 50.22.155(2), an individual is 31 considered enrolled in training, and regular benefits beginning with 32 the week of approval shall not be charged to the experience rating 33 account of any contribution paying employer.

34 (((j))) <u>(h)</u> Training benefits paid to an individual under RCW 35 50.22.155 shall not be charged to the experience rating account of 36 any contribution paying employer.

37 (i) (i) Benefits paid during the one week waiting period when the 38 one week waiting period is fully paid or fully reimbursed by the 39 federal government shall not be charged to the experience rating 40 account of any contribution paying employer.

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1 <u>(ii)</u> In the event the one week waiting period is partially paid 2 or partially reimbursed by the federal government, the department 3 may, by rule, elect to not charge, in full or in part, benefits paid 4 during the one week waiting period to the experience rating account 5 of any contribution paying employer.

6 <u>(j) Benefits paid for all weeks starting with the week ending</u> 7 <u>March 28, 2020, and ending with the week ending May 2, 2020, shall</u> 8 <u>not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution</u> 9 <u>paying employer.</u>

10 (3) (a) A contribution paying base year employer, except employers 11 as provided in subsection (5) of this section, not otherwise eligible 12 for relief of charges for benefits under this section, may receive 13 such relief if the benefit charges result from payment to an 14 individual who:

15 (i) Last left the employ of such employer voluntarily for reasons 16 not attributable to the employer;

(ii) Was discharged for misconduct or gross misconduct connected with his or her work not a result of inability to meet the minimum job requirements;

(iii) Is unemployed as a result of closure or severe curtailment of operation at the employer's plant, building, worksite, or other facility. This closure must be for reasons directly attributable to a catastrophic occurrence such as fire, flood, or other natural disaster, or to the presence of any dangerous, contagious, or infectious disease that is the subject of a public health emergency at the employer's plant, building, worksite, or other facility;

(iv) Continues to be employed on a regularly scheduled permanent 27 part-time basis by a base year employer and who at some time during 28 29 the base year was concurrently employed and subsequently separated from at least one other base year employer. Benefit charge relief 30 31 when the employment relationship between the ceases employer 32 requesting relief and the claimant is terminated. This subsection does not apply to shared work employers under chapter 50.60 RCW; 33

(v) Continues to be employed on a regularly scheduled permanent part-time basis by a base year employer and who qualified for two consecutive unemployment claims where wages were attributable to at least one employer who employed the individual in both base years. Benefit charge relief ceases when the employment relationship between the employer requesting relief and the claimant is terminated. This

subsection does not apply to shared work employers under chapter 50.60 RCW;

3 (vi) Was hired to replace an employee who is a member of the 4 military reserves or National Guard and was called to federal active 5 military service by the president of the United States and is 6 subsequently laid off when that employee is reemployed by their 7 employer upon release from active duty within the time provided for 8 reemployment in RCW 73.16.035;

9 (vii) Worked for an employer for twenty weeks or less, and was 10 laid off at the end of temporary employment when that employee 11 temporarily replaced a permanent employee receiving family or medical 12 leave benefits under Title 50A RCW, and the layoff is due to the 13 return of that permanent employee. This subsection (3)(a)(vii) 14 applies to claims with an effective date on or after January 1, 2020; 15 or

16 (viii) Was discharged because the individual was unable to 17 satisfy a job prerequisite required by law or administrative rule.

18 (b) The employer requesting relief of charges under this 19 subsection must request relief in writing within thirty days 20 following mailing to the last known address of the notification of 21 the valid initial determination of such claim, stating the date and 22 reason for the separation or the circumstances of continued 23 employment. The commissioner, upon investigation of the request, 24 shall determine whether relief should be granted.

25 (4) When a benefit claim becomes invalid due to an amendment or adjustment of a report where the employer failed to report or 26 inaccurately reported hours worked or remuneration paid, or both, all 27 28 benefits paid will be charged to the experience rating account of the contribution paying employer or employers that originally filed the 29 incomplete or inaccurate report or reports. An employer who 30 31 reimburses the trust fund for benefits paid to workers and who fails 32 to report or inaccurately reported hours worked or remuneration paid, or both, shall reimburse the trust fund for all benefits paid that 33 are based on the originally filed incomplete or inaccurate report or 34 35 reports.

36 (5) An employer's experience rating account may not be relieved 37 of charges for a benefit payment and an employer who reimburses the 38 trust fund for benefit payments may not be credited for a benefit 39 payment if a benefit payment was made because the employer or 40 employer's agent failed to respond timely or adequately to a written Code Rev/RB:eab 27 Z-0164.2/21 2nd draft 1 request of the department for information relating to the claim or 2 claims without establishing good cause for the failure and the 3 employer or employer's agent has a pattern of such failures. The 4 commissioner has the authority to determine whether the employer has 5 good cause under this subsection.

6 (a) For the purposes of this subsection, "adequately" means 7 providing accurate information of sufficient quantity and quality 8 that would allow a reasonable person to determine eligibility for 9 benefits.

10 (b)(i) For the purposes of this subsection, "pattern" means a 11 benefit payment was made because the employer or employer's agent 12 failed to respond timely or adequately to a written request of the 13 department for information relating to a claim or claims without 14 establishing good cause for the failure, if the greater of the 15 following calculations for an employer is met:

16

(A) At least three times in the previous two years; or

17 (B) Twenty percent of the total current claims against the 18 employer.

(ii) If an employer's agent is utilized, a pattern is established based on each individual client employer that the employer's agent represents.

22 Sec. 16. RCW 50.29.025 and 2011 c 4 s 16 and 2011 c 3 s 3 are 23 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) ((For contributions assessed for rate years 2005 through 2009, the contribution rate for each employer subject to contributions under RCW 50.24.010 shall be the sum of the array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate determined under this subsection, and the solvency surcharge determined under RCW 50.29.041, if any.

30 (a) The array calculation factor rate shall be determined as 31 follows:

32 (i) An array shall be prepared, listing all qualified employers 33 in ascending order of their benefit ratios. The array shall show for 34 each qualified employer: (A) Identification number; (B) benefit 35 ratio; and (C) taxable payrolls for the four consecutive calendar 36 quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to 37 the employment security department by the cut-off date.

38 (ii) Each employer in the array shall be assigned to one of forty 39 rate classes according to his or her benefit ratio as follows, and,

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1 except as provided in RCW 50.29.026, the array calculation factor 2 rate for each employer in the array shall be the rate specified in 3 the rate class to which the employer has been assigned:

4				Rate	Rate
5		Benefit Ratio		Class	(percent)
6	A	t-least	Less than		
7			0.000001	+	0.00
8	0.	000001	0.001250	2	0.13
9	0.	001250	0.002500	3	0.25
10	0.	002500	0.003750	4	0.38
11	0.	003750	0.005000	5	0.50
12	0.	005000	0.006250	6	0.63
13	0.	006250	0.007500	7	0.75
14	0.	007500	0.008750	8	0.88
15	0.	008750	0.010000	9	1.00
16	0.	010000	0.011250	10	1.15
17	0.	011250	0.012500	11	1.30
18	0.	012500	0.013750	12	1.45
19	0.	013750	0.015000	13	1.60
20	0.	015000	0.016250	14	1.75
21	0.	016250	0.017500	15	1.90
22	0.	017500	0.018750	16	2.05
23	0.	018750	0.020000	17	2.20
24	0.	020000	0.021250	18	2.35
25	0.	021250	0.022500	19	2.50
26	0.	022500	0.023750	20	2.65
27	0.	023750	0.025000	21	2.80
28	0.	025000	0.026250	22	2.95
29	0.	026250	0.027500	23	3.10
30	0.	027500	0.028750	2 4	3.25
31	0.	028750	0.030000	25	3.40
32	0.	030000	0.031250	26	3.55
33	0.	031250	0.032500	27	3.70

1	0.032500	0.033750	28	3.85
2	0.033750	0.035000	29	4.00
3	0.035000	0.036250	30	4.15
4	0.036250	0.037500	31	4 .30
5	0.037500	0.040000	32	4.4 5
6	0.040000	0.042500	33	4.60
7	0.042500	0.045000	3 4	4.7 5
8	0.045000	0.047500	35	4.90
9	0.047500	0.050000	36	5.05
10	0.050000	0.052500	37	5.20
11	0.052500	0.055000	38	5.30
12	0.055000	0.057500	39	5.35
13	0.057500		40	5.40

14 (b) The graduated social cost factor rate shall be determined as 15 follows:

(i) (A) Except as provided in (b) (i) (B) and (C) of this 16 subsection, the commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost 17 factor for a rate year by dividing the total social cost by the total 18 19 taxable payroll. The division shall be carried to the second decimal place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to 20 five hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place shall 21 be rounded to the next higher digit. The flat social cost factor 22 23 shall be expressed as a percentage.

24 (B) If, on the cut-off date, the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount 25 that will provide more than ten months of unemployment benefits, the 26 27 commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for the rate year immediately following the cut-off date by reducing the total 28 29 social cost by the dollar amount that represents the number of months 30 for which the balance in the unemployment compensation fund on the cut-off date will provide benefits above ten months and dividing the 31 result by the total taxable payroll. However, the calculation under 32 this subsection (1) (b) (i) (B) for a rate year may not result in a flat 33 34 social cost factor that is more than four-tenths lower than the calculation under (b) (i) (A) of this subsection for that rate year. 35

For the purposes of this subsection, the commissioner shall determine the number of months of unemployment benefits in the unemployment compensation fund using the benefit cost rate for the average of the three highest calendar benefit cost rates in the twenty consecutive completed calendar years immediately preceding the cut-off date or a period of consecutive calendar years immediately preceding the cut-off date that includes three recessions, if longer.

8 (C) The minimum flat social cost factor calculated under this 9 subsection (1)(b) shall be six-tenths of one percent, except that if 10 the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by 11 the commissioner to be an amount that will provide:

12 (I) At least twelve months but less than fourteen months of 13 unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be five-tenths of one 14 percent; or

15 (II) At least fourteen months of unemployment benefits, the 16 minimum shall be five-tenths of one percent, except that, for 17 employers in rate class 1, the minimum shall be forty-five hundredths 18 of one percent.

19 (ii) (A) Except as provided in (b) (ii) (B) of this subsection, the graduated social cost factor rate for each employer in the array is 20 the flat social cost factor multiplied by the percentage specified as 21 22 follows for the rate class to which the employer has been assigned in (a) (ii) of this subsection, except that the sum of an employer's 23 24 array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor 25 rate may not exceed six and five-tenths percent or, for employers 26 whose North American industry classification system code is within "111," "112," "1141," "115," "3114," "3117," "42448," or "49312," may 27 not exceed six percent through rate year 2007 and may not exceed five 28 29 and seven-tenths percent for rate years 2008 and 2009:

- 30 (I) Rate class 1 78 percent;
- 31 (II) Rate class 2 82 percent;
- 32 (III) Rate class 3 86 percent;
- 33 (IV) Rate class 4 90 percent;
- 34 (V) Rate class 5 94 percent;
- 35 (VI) Rate class 6 98 percent;
- 36 (VII) Rate class 7 102 percent;
- 37 (VIII) Rate class 8 106 percent;
- 38 (IX) Rate class 9 110 percent;
- 39 (X) Rate class 10 114 percent;
- 40 (XI) Rate class 11 118 percent; and

1 -

(XII) Rate classes 12 through 40 - 120 percent.

2 (B) For contributions assessed beginning July 1, 2005, through 3 December 31, 2007, for employers whose North American industry 4 classification system code is "111," "112," "1141," "115," "3114," 5 "3117," "42448," or "49312," the graduated social cost factor rate is 6 zero.

7

(iii) For the purposes of this section:

(A) "Total social cost" means the amount calculated by 8 subtracting the array calculation factor contributions paid by all 9 10 employers with respect to the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and paid to the employment 11 security department by the cut-off date from the total unemployment 12 13 benefits paid to claimants in the same four consecutive calendar quarters. To calculate the flat social cost factor for rate year 14 2005, the commissioner shall calculate the total social cost using 15 16 the array calculation factor contributions that would have been 17 required to be paid by all employers in the calculation period if (a) of this subsection had been in effect for the relevant period. To 18 calculate the flat social cost factor for rate years 2010 and 2011, 19 the forty-five dollar increase paid as part of an individual's weekly 20 benefit amount as provided in RCW 50.20.1201 shall not be considered 21 for purposes of calculating the total unemployment benefits paid to 22 claimants in the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately 23 24 preceding the computation date.

(B) "Total taxable payroll" means the total amount of wages subject to tax, as determined under RCW 50.24.010, for all employers in the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the employment security department by the cut-off date.

30 (c) For employers who do not meet the definition of "qualified 31 employer" by reason of failure to pay contributions when due:

32 (i) The array calculation factor rate shall be two-tenths higher than that in rate class 40, except employers who have an approved 33 agency-deferred payment contract by September 30th of the previous 34 35 rate year. If any employer with an approved agency-deferred payment contract fails to make any one of the succeeding deferred payments or 36 37 fails to submit any succeeding tax report and payment in a timely 38 manner, the employer's tax rate shall immediately revert to an array 39 calculation factor rate two-tenths higher than that in rate class 40; 40 and

1 (ii) The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b) (ii) of this subsection.

2

(d) For all other employers not qualified to be in the array:

3 4

(i) For rate years 2005, 2006, and 2007:

(A) The array calculation factor rate shall be a rate equal to 5 6 the average industry array calculation factor rate as determined by 7 the commissioner, plus fifteen percent of that amount; however, the rate may not be less than one percent or more than the array 8 calculation factor rate in rate class 40; and 9

10 (B) The social cost factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry social cost factor rate as determined by the 11 commissioner, plus fifteen percent of that amount, but not more than 12 13 the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b) (ii) of this subsection. 14

15 (ii) For contributions assessed for rate years 2008 and 2009:

16 (A) The array calculation factor rate shall be a rate equal to 17 the average industry array calculation factor rate as determined by the commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not less than 18 19 one percent or more than the array calculation factor rate in rate class 40; 20

21 (B) The social cost factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry social cost factor rate as determined by the 22 commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not more than the 23 24 social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b) (ii) of 25 this subsection; and

26 (C) The history factor shall be based on the total amounts of 27 benefits charged and contributions paid in the three fiscal years 28 ending prior to the computation date by employers not qualified to be in the array, other than employers in (c) of this subsection, who 29 30 were first subject to contributions in the calendar year ending three 31 years prior to the computation date. The commissioner shall calculate 32 the history ratio by dividing the total amount of benefits charged by the total amount of contributions paid in this three-year period by 33 these employers. The division shall be carried to the second decimal 34 35 place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to five one-hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place 36 shall be rounded to the next higher digit. The commissioner shall 37 38 determine the history factor according to the history ratio as 39 follows:

1		History		History
2		Ratio		Factor
3				(percent)
4		At least	Less than	
5	(I)		.95	90
6	(II)	.95	1.05	100
7	(III)	1.05		115

8 (2) For contributions assessed in rate year 2010 and thereafter, rate subject 9 contribution for each the)) The employer to contributions under RCW 50.24.010 shall be the sum of the array 10 11 calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate 12 determined under this subsection, and the solvency surcharge 13 determined under RCW 50.29.041, if any.

14 (a) The array calculation factor rate shall be determined as 15 follows:

(i) An array shall be prepared, listing all qualified employers in ascending order of their benefit ratios. The array shall show for each qualified employer: (A) Identification number; (B) benefit ratio; and (C) taxable payrolls for the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the employment security department by the cut-off date.

(ii) Each employer in the array shall be assigned to one of forty rate classes according to his or her benefit ratio as follows, and, except as provided in RCW 50.29.026, the array calculation factor rate for each employer in the array shall be the rate specified in the rate class to which the employer has been assigned:

27			Rate	Rate
28	Bene	Benefit Ratio		(percent)
29	At least	Less than		
30		0.000001	1	0.00
31	0.000001	0.001250	2	0.11
32	0.001250	0.002500	3	0.22
33	0.002500	0.003750	4	0.33
34	0.003750	0.005000	5	0.43
35	0.005000	0.006250	6	0.54
36	0.006250	0.007500	7	0.65

1	0.007500	0.008750	8	0.76
2	0.008750	0.010000	9	0.88
3	0.010000	0.011250	10	1.01
4	0.011250	0.012500	11	1.14
5	0.012500	0.013750	12	1.28
6	0.013750	0.015000	13	1.41
7	0.015000	0.016250	14	1.54
8	0.016250	0.017500	15	1.67
9	0.017500	0.018750	16	1.80
10	0.018750	0.020000	17	1.94
11	0.020000	0.021250	18	2.07
12	0.021250	0.022500	19	2.20
13	0.022500	0.023750	20	2.38
14	0.023750	0.025000	21	2.50
15	0.025000	0.026250	22	2.63
16	0.026250	0.027500	23	2.75
17	0.027500	0.028750	24	2.88
18	0.028750	0.030000	25	3.00
19	0.030000	0.031250	26	3.13
20	0.031250	0.032500	27	3.25
21	0.032500	0.033750	28	3.38
22	0.033750	0.035000	29	3.50
23	0.035000	0.036250	30	3.63
24	0.036250	0.037500	31	3.75
25	0.037500	0.040000	32	4.00
26	0.040000	0.042500	33	4.25
27	0.042500	0.045000	34	4.50
28	0.045000	0.047500	35	4.75
29	0.047500	0.050000	36	5.00
30	0.050000	0.052500	37	5.15
31	0.052500	0.055000	38	5.25
32	0.055000	0.057500	39	5.30
2 (b) The graduated social cost factor rate shall be determined as3 follows:

provided in (b)(i)(B) and (C) 4 (i)(A) Except as of this 5 subsection, the commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost 6 factor for a rate year by dividing the total social cost by the total 7 taxable payroll. The division shall be carried to the second decimal place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to 8 9 five hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place shall 10 be rounded to the next higher digit. The flat social cost factor 11 shall be expressed as a percentage.

12 (B)(I) If, on the cut-off date, the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount 13 that will provide more than ten months of unemployment benefits, the 14 15 commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for the rate 16 year immediately following the cut-off date by reducing the total social cost by the dollar amount that represents the number of months 17 for which the balance in the unemployment compensation fund on the 18 cut-off date will provide benefits above ten months and dividing the 19 result by the total taxable payroll. However, the calculation under 20 21 this subsection $\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)$ (1) (b) (i) (B) for a rate year may not result 22 in a flat social cost factor that is more than four-tenths lower than 23 the calculation under (b)(i)(A) of this subsection for that rate year. For rate year 2011 and thereafter, the calculation may not 24 result in a flat social cost factor that is more than one and twenty-25 26 two one-hundredths percent except for rate year 2021 the calculation 27 may not result in a flat social cost factor that is more than fivetenths percent, for rate year 2022 the calculation may not result in 28 29 a flat social cost factor that is more than seventy-five one-30 hundredths percent, for rate year 2023 the calculation may not result 31 in a flat social cost factor that is more than eight-tenths percent, 32 for rate year 2024 the calculation may not result in a flat social 33 cost factor that is more than eighty-five one-hundredths percent, and 34 for rate year 2025 the calculation may not result in a flat social 35 cost factor that is more than nine-tenths percent.

(II) If, on the cut-off date, the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide ten months of unemployment benefits or less, the flat social cost factor for the rate year immediately following the

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1 cut-off date may not increase by more than fifty percent over the 2 previous rate year or may not exceed one and twenty-two one-3 hundredths percent, whichever is greater.

(III) For the purposes of this subsection $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$, the 4 commissioner shall determine the number of months of unemployment 5 6 benefits in the unemployment compensation fund using the benefit cost 7 rate for the average of the three highest calendar benefit cost rates in the twenty consecutive completed calendar years immediately 8 preceding the cut-off date or a period of consecutive calendar years 9 immediately preceding the cut-off date that includes three 10 recessions, if longer. ((The twenty-five dollar increase paid as part 11 of an individual's weekly benefit amount as provided in RCW 12 50.20.1202 shall not be considered in calculating the benefit cost 13 rate when determining the number of months of unemployment benefits 14 in the unemployment compensation fund.)) 15

16 (C) The minimum flat social cost factor calculated under this 17 subsection (((2))) (1)(b) shall be six-tenths of one percent, except 18 that if the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is 19 determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide:

(I) At least ten months but less than eleven months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be five-tenths of one percent; or

(II) At least eleven months but less than twelve months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be forty-five hundredths of one percent; or

(III) At least twelve months but less than thirteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be four-tenths of one percent; or

(IV) At least thirteen months but less than fifteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be thirty-five hundredths of one percent; or

32 (V) At least fifteen months but less than seventeen months of 33 unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be twenty-five hundredths of 34 one percent; or

35 (VI) At least seventeen months but less than eighteen months of 36 unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be fifteen hundredths of one 37 percent; or

38 (VII) At least eighteen months of unemployment benefits, the 39 minimum shall be fifteen hundredths of one percent through rate year 40 2011 and shall be zero thereafter.

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1 (ii) (((A) For rate years through 2010, the graduated social cost factor rate for each employer in the array is the flat social cost 2 factor multiplied by the percentage specified as follows for the rate 3 class to which the employer has been assigned in (a) (ii) of this 4 subsection, except that the sum of an employer's array calculation 5 6 factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate may not exceed six percent or, for employers whose North American industry 7 classification system code is within "111," "112," "1141," "115," 8 "3114," "3117," "42448," or "49312," may not exceed five and four-9 10 tenths percent: 11 (I) Rate class 1 - 78 percent; (II) Rate class 2 - 82 percent; 12 13 (III) Rate class 3 - 86 percent; (IV) Rate class 4 - 90 percent; 14 15 (V) Rate class 5 - 94 percent; 16 (VI) Rate class 6 - 98 percent; 17 (VII) Rate class 7 - 102 percent;

18 (VIII) Rate class 8 - 106 percent;

19 (IX) Rate class 9 - 110 percent;

20 (X) Rate class 10 - 114 percent;

21 (XI) Rate class 11 - 118 percent; and

22 (XII) Rate classes 12 through 40 - 120 percent.

23 (B) For rate years 2011 and thereafter, the)) The graduated social cost factor rate for each employer in the array is the flat 24 25 social cost factor multiplied by the percentage specified as follows 26 for the rate class to which the employer has been assigned in (a)(ii) 27 of this subsection, except that the sum of an employer's array 28 calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate may 29 not exceed six percent or, for employers whose North American industry classification system code is within "111," "112," "1141," 30 "115," "3114," "3117," "42448," or "49312," may not exceed five and 31 32 four-tenths percent:

33 (((1))) <u>(A)</u> Rate class 1 - 40 percent; 34 (((11))) <u>(B)</u> Rate class 2 - 44 percent;

35 (((III))) <u>(C)</u> Rate class 3 - 48 percent;

36 (((IV))) <u>(D)</u> Rate class 4 - 52 percent;

37 (((V))) <u>(E)</u> Rate class 5 - 56 percent;

38 (((VI))) <u>(F)</u> Rate class 6 - 60 percent;

- 39 (((VII))) <u>(G)</u> Rate class 7 64 percent;
- 40 (((VIII))) <u>(H)</u> Rate class 8 68 percent;

1	(((IX))) <u>(I)</u> Rate class 9 - 72 percent;
2	(((X))) <u>(J)</u> Rate class 10 - 76 percent;
3	(((XI))) <u>(K)</u> Rate class 11 - 80 percent;
4	(((XII))) <u>(L)</u> Rate class 12 - 84 percent;
5	(((XIII))) <u>(M)</u> Rate class 13 - 88 percent;
6	(((XIV))) <u>(N)</u> Rate class 14 - 92 percent;
7	(((XV))) <u>(O)</u> Rate class 15 - 96 percent;
8	(((XVI))) <u>(P)</u> Rate class 16 - 100 percent;
9	(((XVII))) <u>(Q)</u> Rate class 17 - 104 percent;
10	(((XVIII))) <u>(R)</u> Rate class 18 - 108 percent;
11	(((XIX))) <u>(S)</u> Rate class 19 - 112 percent;
12	(((XX))) <u>(T)</u> Rate class 20 - 116 percent; and
13	(((XXI))) <u>(U)</u> Rate classes 21 through 40 - 120 percent.
14	(iii) For the purposes of this section:
15	(A) "Total social cost" means the amount calculated h

calculated means the amount by Total social cost' 15 (A) 16 subtracting the array calculation factor contributions paid by all 17 employers with respect to the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and paid to the employment 18 security department by the cut-off date from the total unemployment 19 benefits paid to claimants in the same four consecutive calendar 20 21 quarters. ((To calculate the flat social cost factor for rate years 2012 and 2013, the twenty-five dollar increase paid as part of an 22 individual's weekly benefit amount as provided in RCW 50.20.1202 23 shall not be considered for purposes of calculating the total 24 25 unemployment benefits paid to claimants in the four consecutive 26 calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date.))

27 "Total taxable payroll" means the total amount of wages (B) 28 subject to tax, as determined under RCW 50.24.010, for all employers in the four consecutive calendar guarters immediately preceding the 29 computation date and reported to the employment security department 30 31 by the cut-off date.

32 (c) For employers who do not meet the definition of "qualified employer" by reason of failure to pay contributions when due: 33

34

(i) ((For rate years through 2010:

(A) The array calculation factor rate shall be two-tenths higher 35 than that in rate class 40, except employers who have an approved 36 agency-deferred payment contract by September 30th of the previous 37 rate year. If any employer with an approved agency-deferred payment 38 39 contract fails to make any one of the succeeding deferred payments or 40 fails to submit any succeeding tax report and payment in a timely Z-0164.2/21 2nd draft Code Rev/RB:eab

1 manner, the employer's tax rate shall immediately revert to an array 2 calculation factor rate two-tenths higher than that in rate class 40; 3 and

4 (B) The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor 5 rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b) (ii) (A) of this subsection.

(ii) For rate years 2011 and thereafter:))

6

7 (A)(((1))) For an employer who does not enter into an approved agency-deferred payment contract as described in (c)(((ii)(A)(II) or (III))) (<u>i)(B) or (C)</u> of this subsection, the array calculation factor rate shall be the rate it would have been if the employer had not been delinquent in payment plus an additional one percent or, if the employer is delinquent in payment for a second or more consecutive year, an additional two percent;

14 (((II))) <u>(B)</u> For an employer who enters an approved agency-15 deferred payment contract by September 30th of the previous rate 16 year, the array calculation factor rate shall be the rate it would 17 have been if the employer had not been delinquent in payment;

(((((III)))) (C) For an employer who enters an approved agency-18 deferred payment contract after September 30th of the previous rate 19 year, but within thirty days of the date the department sent its 20 21 first tax rate notice, the array calculation factor rate shall be the 22 rate it would have been had the employer not been delinquent in payment plus an additional one-half of one percent or, if the 23 employer is delinquent in payment for a second or more consecutive 24 25 year, an additional one and one-half percent;

26 ((((IV))) (D) For an employer who enters an approved agencydeferred payment contract as described in (c)(((ii)(A)(II) or (III))) 27 (i) (B) or (C) of this subsection, but who fails to make any one of 28 the succeeding deferred payments or fails to submit any succeeding 29 tax report and payment in a timely manner, the array calculation 30 factor rate shall immediately revert to the applicable 31 array 32 calculation factor rate under (c) ((((ii)(A)(I))) (i)(A) of this 33 subsection; and

34 (((B))) <u>(ii)</u> The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost 35 factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii)(((B))) <u>(A)</u> of 36 this subsection.

37 (d) For all other employers not qualified to be in the array:

(i) The array calculation factor rate shall be a rate equal to
 the average industry array calculation factor rate as determined by
 the commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not less than
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1 one percent or more than the array calculation factor rate in rate 2 class 40;

3 (ii) The social cost factor rate shall be a rate equal to the 4 average industry social cost factor rate as determined by the 5 commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not more than the 6 social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 ((for the relevant 7 $\frac{1}{2}$) under (b)(ii)(($\frac{1}{2}$) or (B))) of this subsection; and

(iii) The history factor shall be based on the total amounts of 8 benefits charged and contributions paid in the three fiscal years 9 ending prior to the computation date by employers not qualified to be 10 11 in the array, other than employers in (c) of this subsection, who were first subject to contributions in the calendar year ending three 12 years prior to the computation date. The commissioner shall calculate 13 14 the history ratio by dividing the total amount of benefits charged by the total amount of contributions paid in this three-year period by 15 16 these employers. The division shall be carried to the second decimal 17 place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to 18 five one-hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place shall be rounded to the next higher digit. The commissioner shall 19 determine the history factor according to the history ratio as 20 21 follows:

22		History		History
23		Ratio		Factor
24				(percent)
25		At least	Less than	
26	(A)		.95	90
27	(B)	.95	1.05	100
28	(C)	1.05		115

29 (((3))) <u>(2)</u> Assignment of employers by the commissioner to 30 industrial classification, for purposes of this section, shall be in 31 accordance with established classification practices found in the 32 North American industry classification system code.

Sec. 17. RCW 50.29.026 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 17 are each amended to read as follows: (1) ((Beginning with contributions assessed for rate year 1996,)) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, a qualified employer's contribution rate ((applicable for rate years beginning Code Rev/RB:eab 41 Z-0164.2/21 2nd draft before January 1, 2005,)) or array calculation factor rate ((applicable for rate years beginning on or after January 1, 2005,)) determined under RCW 50.29.025 may be modified as follows:

(a) Subject to the limitations of this subsection, an employer 4 may make a voluntary contribution of an amount equal to part or all 5 6 of the benefits charged to the employer's account during the two years most recently ended on June 30th that were used for the purpose 7 of computing the employer's contribution rate ((applicable for rate 8 years beginning before January 1, 2005,)) or array calculation factor 9 rate ((applicable for rate years beginning on or after January 1, 10 2005)). On receiving timely payment of a voluntary contribution, plus 11 12 a surcharge of ten percent of the amount of the voluntary contribution, the commissioner shall cancel the benefits equal to the 13 amount of the voluntary contribution, excluding the surcharge, and 14 compute a new benefit ratio for the employer. The employer shall then 15 16 be assigned the contribution rate applicable for rate years beginning 17 before January 1, 2005, or array calculation factor rate applicable 18 for rate years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, applicable to the rate class within which the recomputed benefit ratio is included. 19 The minimum amount of a voluntary contribution, excluding the 20 surcharge, must be an amount that will result in a recomputed benefit 21 ratio that is in a rate class at least four rate classes lower than 22 the rate class that included the employer's original benefit ratio. 23

(b) Payment of a voluntary contribution is considered timely if 24 25 received by the department during the period beginning on the date of mailing to the employer the notice of contribution rate ((applicable 26 for rate years beginning before January 1, 2005, or notice of array 27 28 calculation factor rate applicable for rate years beginning on or after January 1, 2005,)) required under this title for the rate year 29 for which the employer is seeking a modification of ((his or her)) 30 31 the employer's rate and ending on February 15th of that rate year 32 ((or, for voluntary contributions for rate year 2000, ending on March $\frac{31}{2000})).$ 33

(c) A benefit ratio may not be recomputed nor a rate be reduced
 under this section as a result of a voluntary contribution received
 after the payment period prescribed in (b) of this subsection.

37 (2) ((This)) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this 38 section, this section does not apply to any employer who has not had 39 an increase of at least twelve rate classes from the previous tax 40 rate year.

1 (3) From the effective date of this section and until May 31, 2 2026, the following applies: 3 (a) The surcharge in subsection (1) (a) of this section will not be charged or used in the calculations; 4 (b) The ending payment date in subsection (1)(b) of this section 5 <u>is March 31st;</u> 6 7 (c) The minimum amount of a voluntary contribution must be an amount that will result in a recomputed benefit ratio that is in a 8 rate class at least two rate classes lower than the rate class that 9 included the employer's original benefit ratio; and 10

11 (d) This section does not apply to any employer who has not had 12 an increase of at least eight rate classes from the previous tax rate 13 year.

14 Sec. 18. RCW 50.29.027 and 1984 c 205 s 4 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 (1) For the rate year beginning 1985 ((and each rate year thereafter)) until rate year 2021, a benefit ratio shall be computed 17 for each qualified employer by dividing the total amount of benefits 18 charged to the account of the employer during the forty-eight 19 20 consecutive months immediately preceding the computation date by the 21 taxable payrolls of the employer for the same forty-eight month 22 period as reported to the department by the cut-off dates. The division shall be carried to the sixth decimal place with the 23 24 remaining fraction, if any, disregarded.

(2) For the rate year 2022 and each rate year thereafter, a 25 benefit ratio shall be computed for each qualified employer by 26 27 dividing the total amount of benefits charged to the account of the 28 employer during the 60 consecutive months immediately preceding the computation date by the taxable payrolls of the employer for the same 29 30 60-month period as reported to the department by the cut-off dates. 31 The division shall be carried to the sixth decimal place with the remaining fraction, if any, disregarded. 32

33 Sec. 19. RCW 50.29.041 and 2006 c 13 s 5 are each amended to 34 read as follows:

35 ((Beginning with contributions assessed for rate year 2005)) 36 Except for contributions assessed for rate years 2021, 2022, 2023, 37 <u>2024</u>, and 2025, the contribution rate of each employer subject to

1 contributions under RCW 50.24.010 shall include a solvency surcharge
2 determined as follows:

3 (1) This section shall apply to employers' contributions for a 4 rate year immediately following a cut-off date only if, on the cut-5 off date, the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is 6 determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide 7 fewer than seven months of unemployment benefits.

8 (2) The solvency surcharge shall be the lowest rate necessary, as 9 determined by the commissioner, but not more than two-tenths of one 10 percent, to provide revenue during the applicable rate year that will 11 fund unemployment benefits for the number of months that is the 12 difference between nine months and the number of months for which the 13 balance in the unemployment compensation fund on the cut-off date 14 will provide benefits.

15 (3) The basis for determining the number of months of 16 unemployment benefits shall be the same basis used in RCW 17 $50.29.025((\frac{-}{2}))$ (1)(b)(i)(B).

18 Sec. 20. RCW 50.29.062 and 2012 1st sp.s. c 2 s 1 are each 19 amended to read as follows:

(1) If the department finds that a significant purpose of the transfer of the business is to obtain a reduced array calculation factor rate, contribution rates shall be computed and penalties and other sanctions shall apply as specified in RCW 50.29.063.

(2) If subsection (1) of this section and RCW 50.29.063 do not apply and if the department finds that an employer is a successor, or partial successor, to a predecessor business, predecessor and successor employer contribution rates shall be computed in the following manner:

(a) If the successor is an employer, as defined in RCW 50.04.080,
 at the time of the transfer of a business, the following applies:

31 (i) The successor's contribution rate shall remain unchanged for 32 the remainder of the rate year in which the transfer occurs.

33 (ii) Beginning January 1st following the transfer, the 34 successor's contribution rate for each rate year shall be based on a 35 combination of the following:

36 (A) The successor's experience with payrolls and benefits; and

(B) Any experience assigned to the predecessor involved in thetransfer. If only a portion of the business was transferred, then the

1 experience attributable to the acquired portion is assigned to the 2 successor.

3 (b) If the successor is not an employer at the time of the 4 transfer, the following applies:

5

(i) ((For transfers before January 1, 2005:

6 (A) Except as provided in (b)(i)(B) of this subsection (2), the 7 successor shall pay contributions at the lowest rate determined under 8 either of the following:

(I) The contribution rate of the rate class assigned to the 9 predecessor employer at the time of the transfer for the remainder of 10 that rate year. Any experience relating to the assignment of that 11 rate class attributable to the predecessor is transferred to the 12 successor. Beginning with the January 1st following the transfer, the 13 successor's contribution rate shall be based on a combination of the 14 15 transferred experience of the acquired business and the successor's 16 experience after the transfer; or

17 (II) The contribution rate equal to the average industry rate as determined by the commissioner, but not less than one percent, and 18 continuing until the successor qualifies for a different rate in its 19 own right. Assignment of employers by the commissioner to industrial 20 21 classification, for purposes of this subsection, must be in accordance with established classification practices found in the 22 North American industry classification system issued by the federal 23 office of management and budget to the fourth digit provided in the 24 25 North American industry classification system.

(B) If the successor simultaneously acquires the business or a portion of the business of two or more employers in different rate classes, its rate, from the date the transfer occurred until the end of that rate year and until it qualifies in its own right for a new rate, shall be the rate of the highest rate class applicable at the time of the acquisition to any predecessor employer who is a party to the acquisition, but not less than one percent.

33

(ii) For transfers on or after January 1, 2005:

34 (A)) Except as provided in (b)(ii)(((B))) and (((C))) (iii) of 35 this subsection (2), the successor shall pay contributions:

36 (((I))) <u>(A)</u> At the contribution rate assigned to the predecessor 37 employer at the time of the transfer for the remainder of that rate 38 year. Any experience attributable to the predecessor relating to the 39 assignment of the predecessor's rate class is transferred to the 40 successor.

1 ((((II))) (B) Beginning January 1st following the transfer, the successor's contribution rate for each rate year shall be based on an 2 array calculation factor rate that is a combination of the following: 3 The successor's experience with payrolls and benefits; and any 4 experience assigned to the predecessor involved in the transfer. If 5 6 only a portion of the business was transferred, then the experience attributable to the acquired portion is assigned to the successor if 7 qualified under RCW 50.29.010 by including the transferred 8 experience. If not qualified under RCW 50.29.010, the contribution 9 rate shall equal the sum of the rates determined by the commissioner 10 under RCW 50.29.025 (1)(d)(((ii) or (2)(d))) and 50.29.041, 11 if 12 applicable, and continuing until the successor qualifies for a different rate, including the transferred experience. 13

(((B))) <u>(ii)</u> If there is a substantial continuity of ownership, 14 control, or management by the successor of the business of the 15 16 predecessor, the successor shall pay contributions at the 17 contribution rate determined for the predecessor employer at the time 18 of the transfer for the remainder of that rate year. Any experience 19 attributable to the predecessor relating to the assignment of the predecessor's rate class is transferred to the successor. Beginning 20 January 1st following the transfer, the successor's array calculation 21 factor rate shall be based on a combination of the transferred 22 23 experience of the acquired business and the successor's experience after the transfer. 24

25 (((C))) <u>(iii)</u> If the successor simultaneously acquires the business or a portion of the business of two or more employers with 26 different contribution rates, the successor's rate, from the date the 27 28 transfer occurred until the end of that rate year and until it 29 qualifies in its own right for a new rate, shall be the sum of the rates determined by the commissioner under RCW 50.29.025 (1) (a) and 30 31 (b) $\left(\left(\frac{\text{or}}{(2)}, \frac{(a)}{(a)}, \frac{(b)}{(a)}\right)\right)$ and 50.29.041, applicable at the time of 32 the acquisition, to the predecessor employer who, among the parties to the acquisition, had the largest total payroll in the completed 33 calendar quarter immediately preceding the date of transfer, but not 34 less than the sum of the rates determined by the commissioner under 35 RCW 50.29.025 (1) (d) (((ii) or (2)(d))) and 50.29.041, if applicable. 36

37

(c) With respect to predecessor employers:

38 (i) The contribution rate on any payroll retained by a 39 predecessor employer shall remain unchanged for the remainder of the 40 rate year in which the transfer occurs.

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1 (ii) In all cases, beginning January 1st following the transfer, the predecessor's contribution rate or the predecessor's array 2 calculation factor for each rate year shall be based on its 3 experience with payrolls and benefits as of the regular computation 4 date for that rate year excluding the experience of the transferred 5 6 business or transferred portion of business as that experience has transferred to the successor: PROVIDED, That 7 if all of the predecessor's business is transferred to a successor or successors, 8 the predecessor shall not be a qualified employer until it satisfies 9 the requirements of a "qualified employer" as set forth in RCW 10 50.29.010. 11

12 (3) A predecessor-successor relationship does not exist for purposes of subsection (2) of this section when a significant purpose 13 of the transfer of a business or its operating assets is for the 14 employer to move or expand an existing business, or for an employer 15 16 to establish a substantially similar business under common ownership, 17 management, and control. However, if an employer transfers its business to another employer, and both employers are at the time of 18 19 transfer under substantially common ownership, management, or control, then the unemployment experience attributable to the 20 transferred business shall also be transferred to, and combined with 21 22 the unemployment experience attributable to, the employer to whom 23 such business is so transferred as specified in subsection (2)(a) of this section. 24

(4) For purposes of this section, "transfer of a business" means
 the same as RCW 50.29.063(4)(c).

27 Sec. 21. RCW 50.29.063 and 2010 c 25 s 3 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

(1) If it is found that a significant purpose of the transfer of
 a business was to obtain a reduced array calculation factor rate,
 then the following applies:

32 (a) If the successor was an employer at the time of the transfer, 33 then the experience rating accounts of the employers involved shall 34 be combined into a single account and the employers assigned the 35 higher of the predecessor or successor array calculation factor rate 36 to take effect as of the date of the transfer.

37 (b) If the successor was not an employer at the time of the
 38 transfer, then the experience rating account of the acquired business
 39 must not be transferred and, instead, the sum of the rate determined
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1 by the commissioner under RCW 50.29.025 (1)(d)(((ii) or (2)(d))) and 2 50.29.041, if applicable, shall be assigned.

3 (2) If any part of a delinquency for which an assessment is made 4 under this title is due to an intent to knowingly evade the 5 successorship provisions of RCW 50.29.062 and this section, then with 6 respect to the employer, and to any business found to be knowingly 7 promoting the evasion of such provisions:

8 (a) The commissioner shall, for the rate year in which the 9 commissioner makes the determination under this subsection and for 10 each of the three consecutive rate years following that rate year, 11 assign to the employer or business the total rate, which is the sum 12 of the recalculated array calculation factor rate and a civil penalty 13 assessment rate, calculated as follows:

(i) Recalculate the array calculation factor rate as the array
 calculation factor rate that should have applied to the employer or
 business under RCW 50.29.025 and 50.29.062; and

(ii) Calculate a civil penalty assessment rate in an amount that, when added to the array calculation factor rate determined under (a)(i) of this subsection for the applicable rate year, results in a total rate equal to the maximum array calculation factor rate under RCW 50.29.025 plus two percent, which total rate is not limited by any maximum array calculation factor rate established in RCW 50.29.025 (1)(b)(ii) ((or (2)(b)(ii)));

(b) The employer or business may be prosecuted under the penalties prescribed in RCW 50.36.020; and

(c) The employer or business must pay for the employment security
 department's reasonable expenses of auditing the employer's or
 business's books and collecting the civil penalty assessment.

29 (3) If the person knowingly evading the successorship provisions, or knowingly attempting to evade these provisions, or knowingly 30 31 promoting the evasion of these provisions, is not an employer, the person is subject to a civil penalty assessment of five thousand 32 dollars per occurrence. In addition, the person is subject to the 33 penalties prescribed in RCW 50.36.020 as if the person were an 34 employer. The person must also pay for the employment security 35 department's reasonable expenses of auditing his or her books and 36 collecting the civil penalty assessment. 37

38

(4) For purposes of this section:

39 (a) "Knowingly" means having actual knowledge of or acting with 40 deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for the prohibition Code Rev/RB:eab 48 Z-0164.2/21 2nd draft 1 involved and includes, but is not limited to, intent to evade, 2 misrepresentation, or willful nondisclosure.

3 (b) "Person" means and includes an individual, a trust, estate,
4 partnership, association, company, or corporation.

5 (c) "Transfer of a business" includes the transfer or acquisition 6 of substantially all or a portion of the operating assets, which may 7 include the employer's workforce.

8 (5) Any decision to assess a penalty under this section shall be 9 made by the chief administrative officer of the tax branch or his or 10 her designee.

11 (6) Nothing in this section shall be construed to deny an 12 employer the right to appeal the assessment of a penalty in the 13 manner provided in RCW 50.32.030.

14 (7) The commissioner shall engage in prevention, detection, and 15 collection activities related to evasion of the successorship 16 provisions of RCW 50.29.062 and this section, and establish 17 procedures to enforce this section.

18 Sec. 22. RCW 50.44.060 and 2010 c 8 s 13043 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

Benefits paid to employees of "nonprofit organizations" shall be financed in accordance with the provisions of this section. For the purpose of this section and RCW 50.44.070, the term "nonprofit organization" is limited to those organizations described in RCW 50.44.010, and joint accounts composed exclusively of such organizations.

(1) Any nonprofit organization which is, or becomes subject to 26 27 this title ((on or after January 1, 1972)), shall pay contributions under the provisions of RCW 50.24.010 and chapter 50.29 RCW, unless 28 it elects, in accordance with this subsection, to pay to the 29 30 commissioner for the unemployment compensation fund an amount equal to the full amount of regular and additional benefits and one-half of 31 the amount of extended benefits paid to individuals for weeks of 32 unemployment that are based upon wages paid or payable during the 33 effective period of such election to the extent that such payments 34 35 are attributable to service in the employ of such nonprofit organization. 36

37 (a) Any nonprofit organization which becomes subject to this
 38 title ((after January 1, 1972,)) may elect to become liable for
 39 payments in lieu of contributions for a period of not less than
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1 twelve months beginning with the date on which such subjectivity 2 begins by filing a written notice of its election with the 3 commissioner not later than thirty days immediately following the 4 date of the determination of such subjectivity.

5 (b) Any nonprofit organization which makes an election in 6 accordance with (a) of this subsection will continue to be liable for 7 payments in lieu of contributions until it files with the 8 commissioner a written notice terminating its election not later than 9 thirty days prior to the beginning of the taxable year for which such 10 termination shall first be effective.

Any nonprofit organization which has 11 (C) been paying 12 contributions under this title ((for a period subsequent to January $\frac{1}{1}$ (1972)) may change to a reimbursable basis by filing with the 13 commissioner not later than thirty days prior to the beginning of any 14 taxable year a written notice of election to become liable for 15 payments in lieu of contributions. Such election shall not be 16 17 terminable by the organization for that and the next year.

(d) The commissioner may for good cause extend the period within which a notice of election, or a notice of termination, must be filed and may permit an election to be retroactive ((but not any earlier than with respect to benefits paid after December 31, 1969)).

22 (e) The commissioner, in accordance with such regulations as the 23 commissioner may prescribe, shall notify each nonprofit organization of any determination which the commissioner may make of its status as 24 25 an employer and of the effective date of any election which it makes and of any termination of such election. Any nonprofit organization 26 subject to such determination and dissatisfied with such 27 28 determination may file a request for review and redetermination with commissioner within thirty days of the mailing of the 29 the determination to the organization. Should such request for review and 30 31 redetermination be denied, the organization may, within ten days of 32 the mailing of such notice of denial, file with the appeal tribunal a petition for hearing which shall be heard in the same manner as a 33 petition for denial of refund. The appellate procedure prescribed by 34 this title for further appeal shall apply to all denials of review 35 and redetermination under this paragraph. 36

37 (2) Payments in lieu of contributions shall be made in accordance
 38 with the provisions of this section including either (a) or (b) of
 39 this subsection.

1 (a) At the end of each calendar quarter, the commissioner shall 2 bill each nonprofit organization or group of such organizations which 3 has elected to make payments in lieu of contributions for an amount 4 equal to the full amount of regular and additional benefits plus one-5 half of the amount of extended benefits paid during such quarter that 6 is attributable to service in the employ of such organization.

7 (b)(i) Each nonprofit organization that has elected payments in 8 lieu of contributions may request permission to make such payments as 9 provided in this paragraph. Such method of payment shall become 10 effective upon approval by the commissioner.

(ii) At the end of each calendar quarter, or at the end of such other period as determined by the commissioner, the commissioner shall bill each nonprofit organization for an amount representing one of the following:

(A) The percentage of its total payroll for the immediately preceding calendar year as the commissioner shall determine. Such determination shall be based each year on the average benefit costs attributable to service in the employ of nonprofit organizations during the preceding calendar year.

20 (B) For any organization which did not pay wages throughout the 21 four calendar quarters of the preceding calendar year, such 22 percentage of its payroll during such year as the commissioner shall 23 determine.

(iii) At the end of each taxable year, the commissioner may modify the quarterly percentage of payroll thereafter payable by the nonprofit organization in order to minimize excess or insufficient payments.

(iv) At the end of each taxable year, the commissioner shall 28 determine whether the total of payments for such year made by a 29 nonprofit organization is less than, or in excess of, the total 30 31 amount of regular and additional benefits plus one-half of the amount of extended benefits paid to individuals during such taxable year 32 based on wages attributable to service in the employ of such 33 organization. Each nonprofit organization whose total payments for 34 such year are less than the amount so determined shall be liable for 35 payment of the unpaid balance to the fund in accordance with (c) of 36 37 this subsection. If the total payments exceed the amount SO determined for the taxable year, all of the excess payments will be 38 retained in the fund as part of the payments which may be required 39 for the next taxable year, or a part of the excess may, at the 40 Code Rev/RB:eab Z-0164.2/21 2nd draft 51

1 discretion of the commissioner, be refunded from the fund or retained 2 in the fund as part of the payments which may be required for the 3 next taxable year.

(c) Payment of any bill rendered under (a) or (b) of this 4 subsection shall be made not later than thirty days after such bill 5 6 was mailed to the last known address of the nonprofit organization or was otherwise delivered to it, and if not paid within such thirty 7 days, the reimbursement payments itemized in the bill shall be deemed 8 to be delinquent and the whole or part thereof remaining unpaid shall 9 bear interest and penalties from and after the end of such thirty 10 11 days at the rate and in the manner set forth in RCW 50.12.220 and 50.24.040. 12

13 (d) Payments made by any nonprofit organization under the 14 provisions of this section shall not be deducted or deductible, in 15 whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in the employ 16 of the organization. Any deduction in violation of the provisions of 17 this paragraph shall be unlawful.

18 (e) (i) Benefits paid during the one week waiting period when the 19 one week waiting period is paid or reimbursed by the federal 20 government shall not be billed.

(ii) In the event the one week waiting period is partially paid or partially reimbursed by the federal government, the department may, by rule, elect to not bill, in full or in part, benefits paid during the one week waiting period.

25 (3) Each employer that is liable for payments in lieu of contributions shall pay to the commissioner for the fund the total 26 amount of regular and additional benefits plus the amount of one-half 27 28 of extended benefits paid that are attributable to service in the employ of such employer. If benefits paid to an individual are based 29 on wages paid by more than one employer and one or more of such 30 31 employers are liable for payments in lieu of contributions, the 32 amount payable to the fund by each employer that is liable for such 33 payments shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of (a) and (b) of this subsection. 34

(a) If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid by
one or more employers that are liable for payments in lieu of
contributions and on wages paid by one or more employers who are
liable for contributions, the amount of benefits payable by each
employer that is liable for payments in lieu of contributions shall
be an amount which bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid to
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1 the individual as the total base-period wages paid to the individual 2 by such employer bear to the total base-period wages paid to the 3 individual by all of his or her base-period employers.

4 (b) If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid by 5 two or more employers that are liable for payments in lieu of 6 contributions, the amount of benefits payable by each such employer 7 shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to the total benefits 8 paid to the individual as the total base-period wages paid to the 9 individual by such employer bear to the total base-period wages paid 10 to the individual by all of his or her base-period employers.

11 Sec. 23. RCW 50.60.020 and 2013 c 79 s 1 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

13 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 14 this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Affected employee" means a specified employee, hired on a permanent basis, to which an approved shared work compensation plan applies.

18 (2) "Employers' association" means an association which is a 19 party to a collective bargaining agreement under which there is a 20 shared work compensation plan.

(3) "Shared work benefits" means the benefits payable to an
affected employee under an approved shared work compensation plan as
distinguished from the benefits otherwise payable under this title.

(4) "Shared work compensation plan" means a plan of an employer,
or of an employers' association, under which there is a reduction in
the number of hours worked by employees rather than layoffs.

(5) "Shared work employer" means an employer, who has at least two employees, and at least ((one employee is)) <u>two employees are</u> covered by a shared work compensation plan.

30 (6) "Unemployment compensation" means the benefits payable under 31 this title other than shared work benefits and includes any amounts 32 payable pursuant to an agreement under federal law providing for 33 compensation, assistance, or allowances with respect to unemployment.

34 (7) "Usual weekly hours of work" means the regular number of 35 hours of work before the hours were reduced, not to exceed forty 36 hours and not including overtime.

37 Sec. 24. RCW 50.60.110 and 2013 c 79 s 4 are each amended to 38 read as follows:

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1 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, shared 2 work benefits shall be charged to employers' experience rating 3 accounts in the same manner as other benefits under this title are 4 charged. Employers liable for payments in lieu of contributions shall 5 have shared work benefits attributed to their accounts in the same 6 manner as other benefits under this title are attributed.

(2) ((For weeks of benefits paid between July 1, 2012, and June 7 28, 2015, any)) Any amount of shared work benefits that is paid or 8 reimbursed by the federal government is not charged to experience 9 rating accounts of employers or to employers who are liable for 10 payments in lieu of contributions. The <u>employment security</u> department 11 12 shall remove charges for any amount of shared work benefits that is paid or reimbursed by the federal government ((between July 1, 2012, 13 14 and the week prior to July 28, 2013)).

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 25. A new section is added to chapter 50.60 16 RCW to read as follows:

Affected employees may participate, as appropriate, in training, including employer-sponsored training or training funded under the workforce innovation and opportunity act, to enhance job skills if such program has been approved by the employment security department.

21 NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. If any part of this act is found to be in conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition to 22 23 the allocation of federal funds to the state or the eligibility of employers in this state for federal unemployment tax credits, the 24 conflicting part of this act is inoperative solely to the extent of 25 26 the conflict, and the finding or determination does not affect the operation of the remainder of this act. Rules adopted under this act 27 must meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the 28 29 receipt of federal funds by the state or the granting of federal 30 unemployment tax credits to employers in this state.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 27. The following acts or parts of acts are 32 each repealed:

(1) RCW 50.20.1201 (Amount of benefits—Applicable May 3, 2009,
for claims effective before, on, or after May 3, 2009, through
January 2, 2010) and 2009 c 3 s 2; and

36 (2) RCW 50.20.1202 (Additional temporary benefit increase) and 37 2011 c 4 s 1.

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 28. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

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