

# Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund Forecast

## June 2021

### Executive summary

This report provides the status of, and updated projections for, the state's unemployment insurance (UI) trust fund for 2021 through 2025. The report is based on the June 2021 economic forecast released by the state's Economic and Revenue Forecast Council (ERFC) using forecast information and UI tax and benefit data through the first quarter of 2021.

As of June 15, 2021, the UI trust fund balance was approximately \$1.8 billion. Unemployment benefit payments from the trust fund were approximately \$4.5 billion in 2020 and are projected to be approximately \$1.7 billion in 2021 and \$1.0 billion in 2022. Employer tax contributions to the UI trust fund were approximately \$1.2 billion in 2020 and are projected to be approximately \$1.3 billion in 2021 and \$1.8 billion in 2022.

The UI trust fund is projected to maintain solvency through 2021. The number of months of benefits remaining in the fund is projected to be approximately 4.3 months on September 30, 2021. The better-than-expected economic recovery in Washington state has resulted in a more optimistic trust fund forecast than was provided in the November 2020 report.

### Contents

This report contains the following items:

- Employer contributions, benefit payments and projected trust fund balance through 2025;
- June 2021 forecast compared to the November 2020 forecast; and
- *Appendix 1*: Economic assumptions for the June 2021 forecast compared to the November 2020 forecast.

If you have any questions or concerns please contact Steven Ross, Director of Labor Market Information, at 360-890-3736 or email: [lmea@esd.wa.gov](mailto:lmea@esd.wa.gov).

## Introduction

This report provides information on Washington state's employer contributions, benefits and UI trust fund current and projected balances. The Employment Security Department's unemployment trust fund projections are reviewed and adjusted three times a year (June, September and November). The adjustments are made by changing several variables in the trust fund model. The variables are sourced from the state's Economic and Revenue Forecast Council's (ERFC) economic forecasts.

This forecast uses the June 2021 ERFC assumptions and actual unemployment insurance tax and benefit data through March 31, 2021. The economic assumptions used for the June 2021 forecast and the November 2020 forecast are provided in *Appendix 1*.

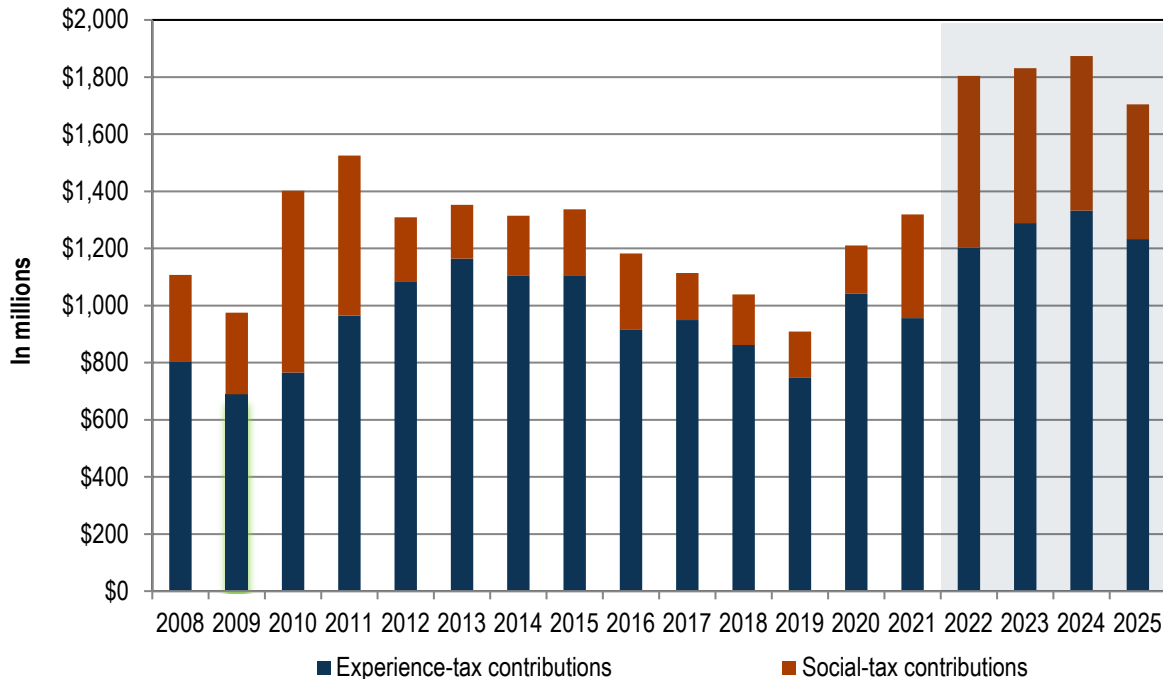
## Employer contributions

Employer tax contributions were approximately \$1.21 billion in 2020 and are projected to be approximately \$1.32 billion in 2021. This model projects an increase in employer contributions to approximately \$1.80 billion in 2022. *Figure 1* shows annual projections of employer contributions through 2025.

The increase in employer contributions is anticipated due to the high volume of weeks compensated as employers laid off and furloughed workers as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. Per state law, 2022 experience tax rates will be based on benefits paid between July 1, 2017 and June 30, 2021. In addition, per state law, the taxable wage base increased from \$56,500 in 2021 to \$62,500 in 2022.

The social tax rate is 0.50 percent in 2021, which is then graduated by rate class. It is projected to be 0.75 percent in 2022, 0.60 percent in 2023, 0.60 percent in 2024, and 0.45 percent in 2025. The social tax rate for 2022 will be calculated on September 30, 2021.

**Figure 1.** Washington state unemployment insurance employer tax contributions  
Washington state, 2008 through 2025  
Source: Employment Security Department/LMEA/ETA 2112/UI Wage File



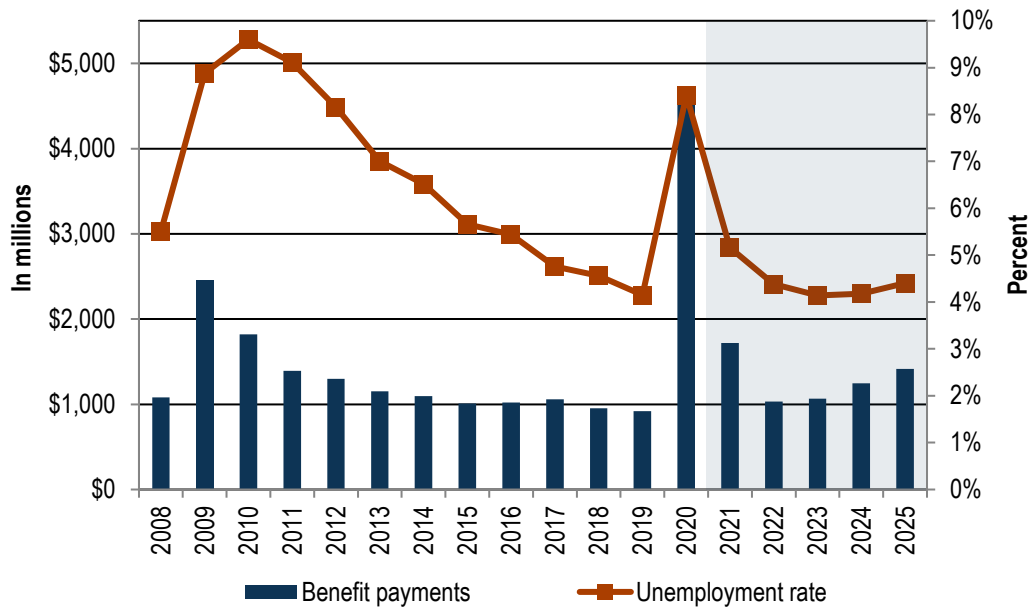
**Note:** Highlighted years reflect projected data.

*Employer tax contributions were \$1.2 billion in 2020 and are projected to be approximately \$1.3 billion in 2021 and approximately \$1.8 billion in 2022.*

## Unemployment benefit payments

Benefit payments from the UI trust fund were approximately \$4.54 billion in 2020 and are projected to be around \$1.72 billion in 2021. *Figure 2* shows annual projections of benefit payments from the trust fund and the projected state unemployment rate through 2025. Federally funded benefits such as Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA), federal reimbursement for the waiting week, Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation (PEUC) and Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC), and extended benefits are excluded from *Figure 2*.

**Figure 2.** Benefit payments from state unemployment trust fund  
Washington state, 2008 through 2025  
Source: Employment Security Department/LMEA/ETA 2112/UI Wage File



**Note:** Highlighted years reflect projected data.

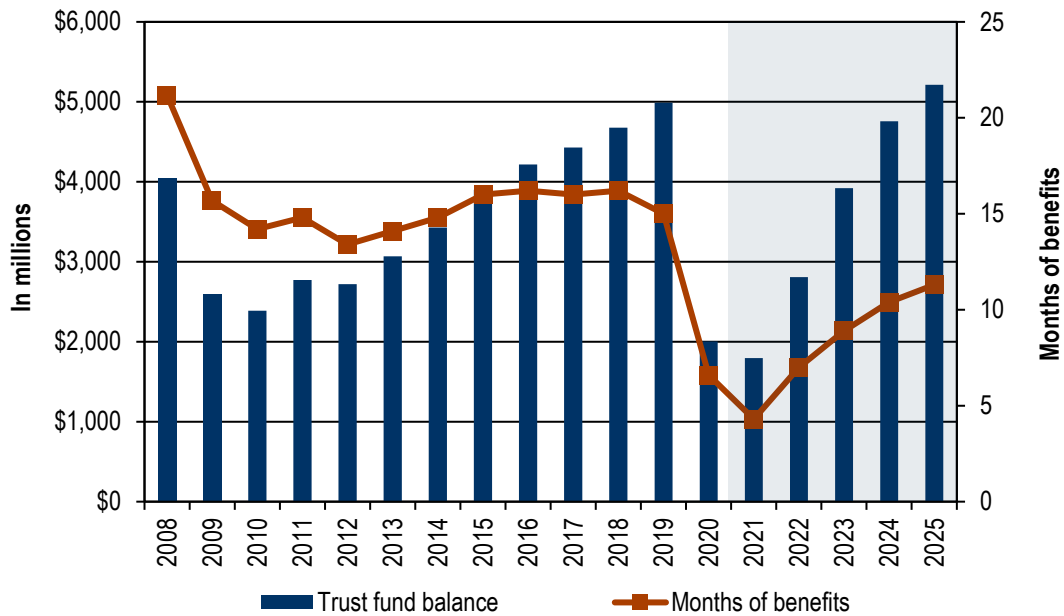
*Benefit payments from the trust fund were approximately \$4.5 billion in 2020 and are projected to decrease to \$1.7 billion in 2021, and approximately \$1.0 billion in 2022.*

## Trust fund balance

As of June 15, 2021, the UI trust fund balance was \$1.84 billion. The UI trust fund is projected to maintain solvency through 2021. The number of months of benefits remaining in the fund is projected to be approximately 4.3 months of benefits in the fourth quarter of 2021.

Figure 3 shows the annual projected year-end trust fund balance through 2025. The orange line represents the months of benefits available on the date when unemployment insurance tax rates for the following year are calculated (September 30). It is important to note that individual years can have the same trust fund balance, but different months of benefits. There is not one standard cost for the month of benefits. The cost of a month of benefits varies depending on how many people in the state are working and how much they are earning.

**Figure 3.** Washington state unemployment trust fund and months of benefits  
Washington state, 2008 through 2025  
Source: Employment Security Department/LMEA/ETA 2112/UI Wage File



**Note:** Highlighted years reflect projected data.

*The reserves in the trust fund are projected to cover approximately 4.3 months of benefits in 2021.*

## Trust fund scenario: June 2021 forecast compared to the November 2020 forecast

This scenario compares the June 2021 forecast (top half of table) to the published November 2020 forecast (bottom half of table).

**Figure 4.** Washington state trust fund forecast

Washington state, June 2021 and November 2020. Source: Employment Security Department/LMEA/ETA 2112/ETA 5159/UI Wage File

Unemployment insurance trust fund: June 2021 Baseline Forecast (based on actuals reported in the March 31, 2021 Washington State Economic and Revenue Forecast Council)							
Taxes	CY 2019	CY 2020	CY 2021	CY 2022	CY 2023	CY 2024	CY 2025
Average experience tax rate (percent)	0.93%	1.00%	0.80%	0.97%	1.00%	1.00%	0.90%
Experience tax contributions (in millions)	\$933.7	\$1,040.7	\$955.8	\$1,202.8	\$1,289.1	\$1,332.0	\$1,232.4
Flat social tax rate (percent)	0.16%	0.15%	0.50%	0.75%	0.60%	0.60%	0.50%
Social tax contributions (in millions)	\$160.4	\$169.2	\$362.8	\$601.8	\$541.5	\$541.1	\$471.8
Solvency tax rate (percent)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Solvency tax contributions (in millions)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
<b>Total average tax rate (experience + social tax)</b>	<b>1.08%</b>	<b>1.16%</b>	<b>1.10%</b>	<b>1.45%</b>	<b>1.42%</b>	<b>1.41%</b>	<b>1.24%</b>
<b>Total tax contributions (in millions)</b>	<b>\$1,094.1</b>	<b>\$1,209.9</b>	<b>\$1,318.6</b>	<b>\$1,804.6</b>	<b>\$1,830.6</b>	<b>\$1,873.0</b>	<b>\$1,704.2</b>
Benefits							
Weeks compensated (in millions) - regular benefits	2.1	10.3	3.7	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1
Average weekly benefit amount	\$477.84	\$447.41	\$464.26	\$493.60	\$540.90	\$625.94	\$674.11
Regular benefit payments (in millions)	\$1,010.6	\$4,544.8	\$1,717.7	\$1,031.9	\$1,065.0	\$1,245.1	\$1,416.0
Total benefit liability (in millions)	\$949.9	\$4,272.1	\$1,614.6	\$969.9	\$1,001.1	\$1,170.4	\$1,331.1
Reimbursable benefit payments (in millions)	\$60.6	\$272.7	\$103.1	\$61.9	\$63.9	\$74.7	\$85.0
<b>Total benefit payments (in millions)</b>	<b>\$1,010.6</b>	<b>\$4,544.8</b>	<b>\$1,717.7</b>	<b>\$1,031.9</b>	<b>\$1,065.0</b>	<b>\$1,245.1</b>	<b>\$1,416.0</b>
Trust fund							
Beginning trust fund balance (in millions)	\$4,731.1	\$4,988.3	\$2,003.8	\$1,749.3	\$2,637.1	\$3,552.5	\$4,362.7
Trust fund interest (in millions)	\$113.0	\$77.8	\$41.6	\$53.1	\$85.8	\$107.6	\$125.3
Total tax contributions (in millions)	\$1,094.1	\$1,209.9	\$1,318.6	\$1,804.6	\$1,830.6	\$1,873.0	\$1,704.2
Reimbursements from reimbursables (in millions)	\$60.6	\$272.7	\$103.1	\$61.9	\$63.9	\$74.7	\$85.0
Total benefit payments (in millions)	\$1,010.6	\$4,544.8	\$1,717.7	\$1,031.9	\$1,065.0	\$1,245.1	\$1,416.0
<b>Ending trust fund balance (as of 12/31, millions)</b>	<b>\$4,988.3</b>	<b>\$2,003.8</b>	<b>\$1,749.3</b>	<b>\$2,637.1</b>	<b>\$3,552.5</b>	<b>\$4,362.7</b>	<b>\$4,861.2</b>
<b>Months of benefits available (as of 9/30)</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>8.9</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>11.3</b>
Unemployment insurance trust fund: November 2020 Baseline Forecast (based on actuals through November 12, 2020 Washington State Economic and Revenue Forecast Council)							
Taxes	CY 2019	CY 2020	CY 2021	CY 2022	CY 2023	CY 2024	CY 2025
Average experience tax rate (percent)	0.93%	0.86%	0.97%	1.52%	1.73%	1.75%	1.49%
Experience tax contributions (in millions)	\$933.7	\$939.4	\$1,085.9	\$1,743.9	\$2,047.3	\$2,130.8	\$1,868.1
Flat social tax rate (percent)	0.16%	0.25%	1.22%	1.22%	0.60%	0.60%	0.40%
Social tax contributions (in millions)	\$160.4	\$178.4	\$829.0	\$1,012.2	\$597.3	\$540.2	\$385.6
Solvency tax rate (percent)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.20%	0.20%	0.00%	0.00%
Solvency tax contributions (in millions)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$198.2	\$236.7	\$33.4	\$-
<b>Total average tax rate (experience + social tax)</b>	<b>1.08%</b>	<b>1.03%</b>	<b>1.70%</b>	<b>2.60%</b>	<b>2.43%</b>	<b>2.22%</b>	<b>1.80%</b>
<b>Total tax contributions (in millions)</b>	<b>\$1,094.1</b>	<b>\$1,117.8</b>	<b>\$1,914.9</b>	<b>\$2,954.9</b>	<b>\$2,881.3</b>	<b>\$2,704.5</b>	<b>\$2,253.7</b>
Benefits							
Weeks compensated (in millions) - regular benefits	2.1	11.0	5.3	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.5
Average weekly benefit amount	\$477.84	\$476.66	\$559.28	\$566.34	\$584.28	\$603.86	\$626.49
Regular benefit payments (in millions)	\$1,010.6	\$5,110.9	\$2,965.8	\$1,594.3	\$1,538.2	\$1,556.1	\$1,573.1
Total benefit liability (in millions)	\$949.9	\$4,819.2	\$2,937.8	\$1,498.6	\$1,445.9	\$1,462.7	\$1,478.8
Reimbursable benefit payments (in millions)	\$60.6	\$306.7	\$177.9	\$95.7	\$92.3	\$93.4	\$94.4
<b>Total benefit payments (in millions)</b>	<b>\$1,010.6</b>	<b>\$5,125.9</b>	<b>\$3,115.8</b>	<b>\$1,594.3</b>	<b>\$1,538.2</b>	<b>\$1,556.1</b>	<b>\$1,573.1</b>
Trust fund							
Beginning trust fund balance (in millions)	\$4,731.1	\$4,988.3	\$1,367.1	\$566.2	\$2,083.9	\$3,589.0	\$4,936.6
Trust fund interest (in millions)	\$113.0	\$80.3	\$28.0	\$30.4	\$69.7	\$105.8	\$136.0
Total tax contributions (in millions)	\$1,094.1	\$1,117.8	\$2,109.0	\$2,985.9	\$2,881.3	\$2,704.5	\$2,253.7
Reimbursements from reimbursables (in millions)	\$60.6	\$306.7	\$177.9	\$95.7	\$92.3	\$93.4	\$94.4
Total benefit payments (in millions)	\$1,010.6	\$5,125.9	\$3,115.8	\$1,594.3	\$1,538.2	\$1,556.1	\$1,573.1
<b>Ending trust fund balance (as of 12/31, millions)</b>	<b>\$4,988.3</b>	<b>\$1,367.1</b>	<b>\$370.7</b>	<b>\$1,851.1</b>	<b>\$3,350.4</b>	<b>\$4,691.9</b>	<b>\$5,596.7</b>
<b>Months of benefits available (as of 9/30)</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>14.4</b>

**Note:** The total average tax rate cannot be reached by adding the average experience tax rate and the flat social tax rate due to social tax caps and other factors.

## Appendix 1: Economic assumptions

The events since the last forecast have improved the state's Economic and Revenue Forecast Council's outlook for the future.

The Employment Security Department's unemployment trust fund projections are reviewed and adjusted several times a year. The adjustments are made by changing several variables in the trust fund model, which are sourced from the Economic and Revenue Forecast Council's quarterly economic forecast and updated unemployment insurance reciprocity rates. *Appendix figure A-1* shows the major economic predictions used in the trust fund model, with a comparison to the prior forecast.

### Appendix figure A-1. Washington state economic and revenue projections

Washington state, June 2021 and November 2020

Source: Washington State Economic and Revenue Forecast Council/IHS Global Insight

		Unemployment rate (percent of workforce)				Personal income (percent growth)	
		Nov-20	Jun-21			Nov-20	Jun-21
2020		8.43%	8.41%	2020		5.80%	6.10%
2021		6.43%	5.16%	2021		-1.20%	6.10%
2022		5.81%	4.38%	2022		4.10%	4.40%
2023		5.45%	4.14%	2023		4.40%	4.10%
2024		5.34%	4.18%	2024		4.40%	4.40%
2025		5.21%	4.40%	2025		4.40%	4.30%

		Employment growth (percent growth)				Consumer Price Index (percent growth)	
		Nov-20	Jun-21			Nov-20	Jun-21
2020		-4.80%	-5.20%	2020		1.20%	1.20%
2021		3.50%	2.40%	2021		2.00%	2.40%
2022		2.90%	4.30%	2022		1.90%	1.70%
2023		1.90%	2.00%	2023		1.60%	1.70%
2024		1.10%	1.50%	2024		1.80%	1.80%
2025		1.00%	1.10%	2025		1.90%	1.80%

## Definitions of economic variables

- **Unemployment rate:** The rate computed by dividing total unemployed by the civilian labor force. The unemployment rate is used as an input into the forecasting of benefits. These unemployment rates are seasonally adjusted. Seasonal adjustment smooths out the impact of normal seasonal patterns that occur year after year, such as strong seasonal hiring in retail trade around the holidays.
- **Wage and salary disbursements:** This component of personal income consists of the monetary remuneration of employees. It reflects the amount of wages and salaries disbursed, but not necessarily earned, during the year. This component is measured before deductions, such as Social Security contributions and union dues. The percentage growth for wage and salary disbursements is used in projecting future wages.
- **Employment growth:** The percentage change in overall employment from year to year. Employment growth is used in the trust fund model as a means of forecasting total employment.
- **Consumer Price Index (CPI):** A measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services. CPI is used in the forecast as a means of adjusting the dollar values.